

The Bethel News.

VOLUME V.—NUMBER 26.

BETHEL, MAINE, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1899.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

DIRECTORY.

We are pleased to publish the following directory for the benefit of our citizens and visitors, and to insure correctness, the News should be promptly notified when changes occur.

TOWN OFFICERS.

SELECTION.—S. B. Twitchell, C. E. Barker, West, F. J. Russell, Clerk, L. T. Barker, Treasurer, W. W. Hastings, Superintendent of Schools, E. C. Bowler, School Committee, Miss Jane Gibson, C. E. Valentine, Z. W. Bartlett, East, Town Agent, A. E. Herrick, Collector, H. H. Bean, Auditor, Calvin Bisbee.

MAIL SERVICE.

MAILS CLOSE.
Going East, 8:40 a. m., 3:15 p. m.
Closed mail for Portland and Boston, 8 p. m.

MAILS ARRIVE.
From East, 10:50 a. m., 4:50 p. m.
From West, 9:15 a. m., 3:45 p. m.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, Main street, Rev. W. B. Eldridge, Pastor. Sunday—Prayer meeting, 10 a. m.; Preaching service, 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Junior League, 8 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:15 p. m.; Prayer meeting, 7 p. m. Tuesday—Class meeting, 7:30 p. m. Friday—Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.

UNIVERSALIST, Church street, Rev. F. E. Barton, Pastor. Sunday—Preaching service, 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 7:30 p. m. Tuesday—Prayer meeting, 7 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL, Church street, Rev. Arthur Varley, Pastor. Sunday—Preaching service, 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 7:30 p. m. Tuesday—Prayer meeting, 7 p. m.

UNION CHURCH, West Bethel, supplied by Rev. Arthur Varley and Rev. F. E. Barton. Sunday—Preaching, 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 3:30 p. m.

BAPTIST, Middle Intervale and East Bethel, supplied by W. H. T. Bock. Sunday—Preaching service, 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; East Bethel—Preaching service, 2:30 p. m. Wednesday—Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.

LIBRARY.

Public Library, Broad street. Open Wednesday, from 6 to 8 p. m.; Saturday, 4 to 8 p. m. Over 2000 volumes. Mrs. G. R. Wiley, President; Annie Frye, Secretary; Mrs. O. M. Mason, Treasurer; Mrs. L. T. Barker, Librarian.

FRATERNAL ORDERS.

BETHEL LODGE, No. 67, F. & A. M.—C. E. Abbott, W. M.; N. E. Richardson, S. W.; A. V. Barker, J. W.; M. W. Chandler, Treas.; J. C. Billings, Sec. Meets second Thursday of each month.

MR. ABRAHAM LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 31—J. W. Smith, N. G.; A. C. Frost, V. G.; Chas. Mason, Rec. Sec.; C. C. Bryant, F. S.; S. I. French, Treas. Meets Saturday evenings.

SUNSET REBEKAH LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 64—Mrs. Della Smith, N. G.; Miss Martha Gibson, V. G.; Miss Jane Gibson, R. S.; Mrs. W. D. Hastings, F. S.; Mrs. G. A. Burbank, Treas. Meets first and third Monday of each month.

BETHEL CHANCE, No. 56—S. E. Cummings, Master; Mrs. C. E. Valentine, Lecturer; C. E. Valentine, Secretary. Meets Saturday afternoons, once in two weeks.

SUBURBAN COL., No. 50, U. O. P. F.—J. C. Billings, Gov.; E. C. Park, Sec.; E. S. Kilborn, Treas. Meets the first and third Monday of each month.

BETHEL LODGE, No. 27, J. O. U. A. M.—F. J. Tyler, C.; S. A. Gibson, R. S.; John Yates, F. S.; Harry Jordan, Treas. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday in each month.

Brown Post, No. 84, G. A. R.—Ira Jordan, P. C.; A. M. True, Adj. Meets the first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m.

Brown Post, W. R. C., No. 36—Mrs. Ira C. Jordan, Pres.; Mrs. C. S. Littlehale, Sec.; Miss E. E. Burnham, Treas. Meets the first and third Tuesday of each month.

Bethel W. C. T. U.—Mrs. O. M. Mason, Pres.; Mrs. Arthur Varley, Vice Pres.; Mrs. F. S. Chandler, Sec.; Mrs. L. T. Barker, Treas. Meets Tuesday, once in two weeks.

CORPORATIONS.

Bethel Savings Bank.—S. B. Twitchell, Pres.; A. E. Herrick, Treas.

Bethel Chair Co.—J. H. Barrows, Pres. E. L. Tebbets, Treas.

Bethel Water Co.—Enoch Foster, Pres. A. E. Herrick, Treas.

Bethel Dairying Co.—W. E. Abbott, Manager.

Riverside Park Association.—C. M. Wormell, Pres.; E. C. Rowe, Treas.

SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

Ladies' Club, Congregational.—Pres. Mrs. A. E. Herrick; Vice Pres. Mrs. Gilbert Tuell; Sec. Miss Mary True; Treas. Mrs. F. B. Tuell. Meets Thursday afternoon.

Ladies' Circle, Universalist.—Mrs. L. A. Pratt, Pres.; Mrs. G. R. Wiley, Vice Pres.; Mrs. L. B. Hopkins, Sec.; Mrs. E. C. Rowe, Treas. Meets Wednesday afternoon.

Literary Society, Methodist.—Mrs. W. D. Hastings, Pres.; Mr. Calvin Bisbee, Vice Pres.; Mrs. Wilfred Bowler, Sec. Miss Addie Gordon, Treas.

Ladies' Circle, Methodist.—Mrs. John Swan, Pres.; Miss Minnie Capen, Sec.; Mrs. Ira Jordan, Treas.

Columbian Club.—Mrs. A. E. Herrick, Pres.; Miss Annie M. Frye, Sec. Mrs. T. F. Hastings, Treas.

UNITED ORDER OF GOLDEN CROSS No. 484.—N. C. J. H. Barrows; W. T. Calvin Bisbee; F. K. R. S. W. Grover; K. of R. F. W. Bisbee.

ABOUT TOWN

Ernest Walker spent Sunday in town.

Widd Twaddle shot a deer, Saturday.

N. F. Brown was in Portland Saturday.

The Ladies' Club will be omitted this week.

Parker T. Bradeen was in Rumford Falls Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Young were in Portland Saturday.

Judge Foster of Portland was in our village last week.

Mrs. M. J. Bennett of Norway was in Bethel Saturday.

Mrs. Dora Mason was calling on friends in town, Monday.

Mr. Charles Cushman of Andover was in town Tuesday.

S. I. French shot a deer, Monday, which weighed 240 pounds.

L. W. Kendall of Gorham, N. H., was in town the first of the week.

Mrs. Newton Richardson and daughter Ethel, spent Sunday in Portland.

E. C. Park, Esq., returned last Wednesday from a two weeks' trip to Iowa.

The Literary Society meets this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Mrs. H. C. Andrews.

Mrs. Milton Penley is spending a few weeks in Portland and vicinity visiting friends.

Mrs. Owen Demeritt and children have been visiting her brother, Mr. Frank Barker.

Mrs. Ellen Cushman has returned from Canada, where she has been to visit her relatives.

E. R. Whitman of Worcester, Mass., is spending a short vacation with relatives on Grover Hill.

Miss Beatrice Kelliber of Berlin, N. H., was at the home of her mother on Railroad St., Sunday.

H. C. Foster is putting up a shop near his residence on Church St. for the purpose of blacksmithing.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Smith are receiving congratulations, the occasion being the birth of a daughter.

Mrs. D. A. Mills returned to her home, Sunday, after spending four weeks with her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Farwell.

Miss Sophia Roberts and the Bartlett children are spending the school vacation at their home in Hanover.

Mrs. E. T. Russell, accompanied by her daughter Shirley, returned to their Brooklyn home to-day, to spend the winter.

The chairs sold at the Chair Factory last week amounted to \$1664, the largest shipment for one week known in its history.

Mrs. Bertram Lewis Bryant is convalescing from an operation for appendicitis at the new Eastern Maine Hospital in Bangor.

The W. C. T. U. was postponed one week and will meet next Tuesday, when a special program will be prepared which will be of interest to all mothers and those having the care of children.

There was fine skating on Rowe's meadow, Saturday. To show that it was appreciated, it is only necessary to say that one young man, who was not at liberty before that hour, took his skates at 9 o'clock p. m., and set out alone for the ice.

Last Wednesday Guy Coffin shot a deer within three rods of his home. He had been following it for some time, and says he drove the deer to his home to save dragging it a long way. It was a fine deer and had some nice antlers. Mr. Coffin has sent the head away to be mounted.

The Y. P. S. C. E. gave a very pleasant social at Garland chapel last Friday evening. An interesting program was furnished, and all entered with a will into the various parts. Over 75 were present and all seemed to be wholly in the spirit of the occasion. It was a delightful evening to all those present, and it is hoped that many more will follow.

W. W. Virgin of Rumford, was calling on friends in town, Saturday and Sunday.

L. L. Jackson of Gorham, N. H., was in town last Thursday, to attend the camp fire.

Mrs. Abner Davis returns to her winter home in Roxbury, Mass., some time this week.

C. A. Stearns of Framingham, Mass., spent Sunday with his father, Edward Stearns.

Mr. A. F. Copeland has returned from an extended trip through the northeastern part of the State.

Mr. C. C. Bryant has been appointed by the Grand Master I. O. O. F., as District Deputy Grand Master for this district.

"He plays well that wins." Hood's Sarsaparilla wins the victory over disease because it possesses genuine curative power.

Mrs. Abial Chandler will go to Gilead this week, where she will make her home in the future with her brother. Mr. James Smith will occupy her house during the winter.

The Universalist society gave their annual Chicken Pie Supper at their chapel last evening. A large number was present. After supper was served many went to the parlors above and enjoyed a social evening.

The Columbian Club will meet with Mrs. Gilbert Tuell, Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Martin Schon, Michael Walgemet, Albrecht Durer, and Hans Holbein will be considered. Miss Susie Twitchell, leader.

By the way, our telephone service is all right. That new copper wire to Rumford Falls is O. K. and by means of that we get a through copper wire to Portland and beyond. Just call up Portland, it is well worth 45 cents to try it.

It is a big mistake to think that an imitation Oak is as good as Beckwith's Round Oak. The Round Oak is the standard and has been for over a quarter of a century. It outsells any other heating stove in America many times over. For sale by Hastings Bros.

Bethel Lodge F. and A. M. will hold a public installation at Masonic Hall, Thursday evening. All Masons and their families, visiting Masons and families, and all widows and children of Masons are cordially invited. A supper will be served at Garland Chapel after the installation.

Mr. John Preston True's new book, "The Iron Star," from myth to history, will be ready for the holidays. The book is beautifully illustrated by Lillian Crawford True, and is considered by those who have read the manuscript and seen the illustrations, to be a most original and valuable work.

At last one meteor has been seen. Mr. E. C. Chandler saw that last night, and a meteor it was too. He describes it as a large ball of fire, apparently some five inches in diameter. It seemed to come down in his pasture just back of the house. He says it was a very pretty sight, the like of which he never saw before.

Henry Bean, wife and two children of Pendleton, Oregon, have been visiting the past week at Ira C. Jordan's. Mr. Bean is District Attorney of the Sixth District in Oregon. It will be remembered by many that he attended Gould's Academy here some twenty years ago, and later studied law under Judge Foster. This is his first visit to Maine since he went to Oregon 18 years ago.

There is no deception in Beckwith's Round Oak. Through all the years of its making there has been no clipping of quality. It is the same reliable stove as of old. It costs no more than imitations that get pretty wobbly after a year or so's use, while the Round Oak will be just as good after ten years' use as the day you started it. That is the reason that it outsells all other stoves. For sale by Hastings Bros., Bethel, Me.

Judge A. E. Herrick and J. E. Philbrook were in South Paris Tuesday.

The following jurors have been drawn to attend the district court in Portland: grand, Edwin L. Arno, Porter Farwell; traverse, Oren W. Ellingwood, Geo. A. Chapman.

Frank E. Rand, Missionary for the Oxford County Congregational Conference is in town to-day. Mr. Rand was at Ponape island for twenty years, until the work was broken up by the Spanish government.

Town Schools.

The town schools all closed Friday except three, after a successful eleven weeks' work.

There has been especial interest manifested throughout the town during the term which has just closed. The teachers have taken a decided interest in their work and the same interest has been manifested in the pupils.

Much of this increased interest is doubtless due to the teachers' meetings that have been held during the term, and again we want to urge upon our teachers the necessity of attending these meetings during the next term.

The following scholars in the village schools were not absent one half day:

Mr. Goodwin's room: Crystal Swan, Clinton Barchard, Robert Young.

Miss Kimball's room: Beulah Bartlett, Frank Bean, Leslie Chase, Flora Glines, Hattie Morrill.

Miss Clark's room: Edna Bowler, Eva Smith, Everett Smith, George Spinney, Henry Barker, Stella Bartlett, Zella Bryant, Eva Glines, Lois Love, Methel Packard, Merle Swan.

Miss Gibson's room: Elmon Jordan, Mary Bryant, Roland Annis, Leslie Wight, Ivan Arno, Irving Harriman, Roland Marsden, Sylvia Swan, Freddie Robertson.

Van Den Kerckhoven-Jones.

A small gathering of intimate friends assembled at the home of Dr. J. A. Morton to attend the wedding of his niece, Miss Emma N. Jones and Mr. Alphonse Van Den Kerckhoven, of Boston. The ceremony was performed at nine o'clock by Rev. Arthur Varley, the impressive Episcopal form of service being used.

The bride looked very sweet in white organdie over white silk. After the ceremony, the guests were invited to the dining room where refreshments were served. Miss Jones has lived with her uncle since a child. She is a graduate of Gould's Academy, and has many friends among the young people, who unite with her older friends in wishing her many years of happiness. Although Mr. Van Den Kerckhoven has been with us but a short time, he has made many acquaintances who extend congratulations to him in winning for his bride, one of Bethel's best and most popular young ladies.

They will take a short trip, returning for Thanksgiving, after which they will remain in Bethel for a time.

One Month More.

Just one month from to-day somebody will get that stove, for which several have been working the past month. Who will it be? This remains to be seen, but one thing is quite certain, it will be the one who does the most real positive work during the next 30 days. It has become evident that the one who gets it will need to work, and work hard. The past week has seen considerable interest and enthusiasm in the matter, and it is expected that the remaining weeks will see more.

If you have not thoroughly organized, organize at once; if you have not summoned all your forces to your assistance, summon them at once, don't wait until the last week, but let each week from now on be as the last. There is much work yet to be done, and the one that does the most will be the one to win the prize. Remember the contest will close at five p. m. sharp, Dec. 22. So get your work all in before that time.

Farmers' Institute.

The Farmers' Institute opened Thursday forenoon, with a small attendance. Circumstances prevented some from attending who are usually interested in such meetings, but for those who willfully staid away, we can truthfully say that they missed an opportunity to gather some valuable hints and object lessons which could not fail to be of value if rightly used.

The morning lecture by Secretary McKen on "Farm Fertilizers," was well received and the questions which followed in quick succession filled the time until the noon hour made it necessary to adjourn while the wants of the inner man were satisfied. Lunch, supplemented by hot coffee was provided by Bethel Grange to all who wished it.

A larger audience greeted Prof. G. M. Gowell in the afternoon to listen to his lecture on "Breeding for Beef and the Dairy." Prof. Gowell is an easy, entertaining speaker and illustrated his words by means of charts drawn from life, showing different types of cows, from the square, blocky beef form to the wedged-shaped, intelligent looking dairy animal, contrasted with a sample of the old New England stock. No one who followed him in his description could help gaining some new ideas in regard to selecting animals for the different kinds of work to which the owner might be inclined.

Dr. Harris' lecture in the evening was the best attended of any of the sessions. While some were a little disappointed in the nature of his talk about the University of Maine, others were much pleased at his descriptions which were illustrated throughout by a stereopticon.

Those who were present at all the sessions went home feeling satisfied that the Institute was a merited success in everything but attendance by those who ought to be most interested.

G. A. R. Campfire.

John E. Willis Post and the Relief Corps were the guests of Brown Post and Corps last Thursday afternoon and evening. The Gorham friends came at 3:30 p. m. From then until supper time the hours were passed in greeting of old friends, and the making of new ones. The call for supper was sounded at 5:30; the Rev. Mr. Barton acting as chaplain asked the blessing. After supper, and that it was a good one goes without saying, the comrades and friends were called to order by Post Commander Jordan, and Comrade True was asked to preside. After singing the "Battle Cry of Freedom," Comrade Enoch Foster extended the words of welcome and spoke of the services of the men of '61 in the swamps of Louisiana.

The Rev. Mr. Barton responded to the toast, "The President"; Comrade Twitchell of Gorham responded to the toast, "The American Volunteer"; Rev. Mr. Varley answered to the toast, "Our Navy." Rev. Miss Earle of Gorham charmed the audience with the wit and wisdom of her two brief remarks. Interspersed were vocal solos by Miss Jane Gibson and Miss Angie Chapman, and recitations by Miss Gibson, Miss Ethel Sanborn and Miss Ruth Bean. The exercises of the evening were short, as the Gorham contingent had to leave the hall at 8:30. With the singing of "America," and the benediction by Mr. Varley, the comrades and friends said good-night.

"Self-Preservation"

Is the first law of Nature." For this reason everyone who is ill desires to become well. Those who have impure or impoverished blood turn to Hood's Sarsaparilla, because they know it will enrich and purify their blood and give them good health. To take this medicine on the first appearance of impure blood is an important step toward self-preservation.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache, indigestion.

Wanted.

Carriage, wood workers, and blacksmiths.
D. D. PEPPERLEY,
Bryant Pond, Me.

WEST BETHEL.

Thanksgiving draws near, With hearty good cheer, What will the poor editors do then? The turkeys, they wish, Will be formed of salt fish, And they'll eat it inside of their den.

For that's always the way If the "subs" will not pay For the paper that's filled with the news.

Pay up what you owe, And be, by no means slow, In settling the editor's dues.

The fall term of school closed Friday.

Sleighs are again housed, and wagons are out.

Miss Flora J. Wheeler came home from Jefferson, N. H., Saturday.

Charles A. Dunham shot a deer in Albany one day last week.

Martin B. Whitney of Lancaster, N. H., is staying at W. A. Farwell's.

Mrs. M. E. Merrow has been visiting friends in Gorham, N. H., for a few days.

Four stores are now doing business in this small village, and each seems to be quite well patronized.

We shall have extra cause for thanksgiving if a heavy storm of rain comes before November 30th.

Frank P. Kimball opened the Holt store for trade on Thursday last, and is ready for customers. Give him a call.

Readers of the News in this vicinity should not let our West Bethel candidate fall behind in the race for the "Quaker Range."

Many strangers were in this village Thursday and Friday to attend the auction sale of horses, cattle, wagons, sleds, lumber, etc.

Contest.

The following is the standing this week. Who will lead next week?

Mrs. E. E. Holt,	2373
Mrs. Walton Wight,	2267
Mrs. Jane Wheeler,	1561
Mrs. H. H. Cushman,	1489
Mrs. E. N. Robertson,	568
Mrs. John B. Chapman,	389
Mrs. Scott Robertson,	335
Lila V. Young,	125
Mrs. H. V. Chapman,	125
Mrs. W. H. Holmes,	114
Mrs. R. E. L. Farwell,	103
Mrs. Ida Clough,	1

Resolutions.

Hall of Mt. Abram Lodge No. 31, I. O. O. F., Bethel, Me., Nov. 18, 1899.

Again the mystic tie has been broken, this time by the death of Past Grand Milton Holt.

His strict integrity in all his business transactions, his unselfish love for Mt. Abram Lodge and the principles which it represents, are worthy of our emulation.

To the widow we extend our sincere sympathy.

Resolved therefore:

That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the widow, and be made a part of our lodge records, also be published in the Bethel News.

S. I. FRENCH, Committee
T. B. KENDALL, on
L. B. HOPKINS, Resolutions.

Attest: Charles Mason, Rec. Sec.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our heartfelt thanks to the kind neighbors and friends who so generously assisted us in our late bereavement, to the Odd Fellows for the brotherly respect shown him who has gone before, to the choir for the sweet music rendered, and to Rev. F. E. Barton for his words of consolation, also to all who gave beautiful flowers.

Mrs. MILTON HOLT,
MR. ORIN KIMBALL
AND FAMILY.

FOUNTAIN PEN.

We must have the people pretty well supplied with fountain pens by the way we have put them out for the past two years, but we have a few more and here they go. Bethel News one year and one of the best fountain pens on the market for \$1.48. This applies to new advance subscriptions and renewals. We have a limited number of these, so remember that "The first come will be first served."

IN HIS STEPS.

"What Would Jesus Do?"

By Charles M. Sheldon.

Copyrighted and published in book form by the Advance Publishing Co. of Chicago.



"Did you ever know a girl of such really gifted powers in vocal music who was willing to give her whole life to the people as Rachel is going to do? She is going to give music lessons in the city, have private pupils to make her living, and then give the people in the Rectangle the benefit of her culture and her voice."

"It is certainly a very good example of self sacrifice," replied Rollin, a little stiffly.

Virginia looked at him a little sharply.

"But don't you think it is a very unusual example? Can you imagine—here Virginia named half a dozen famous opera singers—'doing anything of this sort?'"

"No! I can't," Rollin answered briefly. "Neither can I imagine Miss—she spoke the name of the girl with the red parasol who had begged Virginia to take the girls to the Rectangle—'doing what you are doing, Virginia.'"

"Any more than I can imagine Mr. Virginia spoke the name of a young society leader—'going about to the clubs doing your work, Rollin.'"

The two walked on in silence for the length of the hall.

"Coming back to Rachel," began Virginia. "Rollin, why do you treat her with such a distant, precise manner? I think, Rollin—pardon me if I hurt you—that she is annoyed by it. You used to be on easy terms. I don't think Rachel likes this change."

Rollin suddenly stopped. He seemed deeply agitated. He took his arm from Virginia's and walked down to the end of the hall. Then he returned, with his arms behind him, and, stopping near his sister, he said:

"Virginia, have you not learned my secret?"

Virginia looked bewildered. Then over her face the unusual color crept, showing that she understood.

"I have never loved any one but Rachel Winslow," Rollin spoke calmly enough now. "That day she was here, when you talked about her refusal to join the concert company, I asked her to be my wife, out there on the avenue. She refused me, as I knew she would, and she gave as her reason the fact that I had no purpose in life, which was true enough. Now that I have a purpose, now that I am a new man, don't you see, Virginia, how impossible it is for me to say anything? I owe my very conversion to Rachel's singing, and yet that night while she sang I can honestly say that for the time being I never thought of her voice except as God's message. I believe all my personal love for her was for the time merged into a personal love to God and my Saviour."

Rollin was silent. Then he went on with more emotion. "I am still in love with her, Virginia, but I do not think she could ever love me." He stopped and looked his sister in the face with a sad smile.

"I don't know about that," said Virginia to herself. She was noting Rollin's handsome face, its marks of distinction nearly all gone now, the firm lips showing manhood and courage, the clear eyes looking into hers frankly, the form strong and graceful. Rollin was a man now. Why should not Rachel come to love him in time? Surely the two were well fitted for each other, especially now that their purpose in life was moved by the same Christian source.

She said something of all this to Rollin, but he did not find much comfort. When they closed the interview, Virginia carried away the impression that Rollin meant to go his way with his chosen work, trying to reach the fashionable men at the clubs and, while not avoiding Rachel, seeking no occasion for meeting her. He was distrustful of his power to control his feelings, and Virginia could see that he dreaded even the thought that his love was still the same.

The next day she went down to The News office to see Edward Norman and arrange for details of her part in the establishment of the paper on its new foundation. Henry Maxwell was present at this conference, and the three agreed that, whatever Jesus would do in detail as editor of a daily paper, he would be guided by the same general principles that directed his conduct as the Saviour of the world.

"I have tried to put down here in concrete form some of the things which it has seemed to me Jesus would do," said Edward Norman. He read from a paper lying on his desk, and Henry Maxwell was reminded again of his effort to put into written form his own conception of Jesus' probable action and also of Milton Wright's attempt in his business.

"I have headed this, 'What Would Jesus Do as Edward Norman, Editor of a Daily Newspaper in Raymond.'"

"I. He would never allow a sentence or a picture in his paper that could be called bad or coarse or impure in any way."

"2. He would probably conduct the political part of the paper from the standpoint of nonpartisan patriotism, always looking upon all political questions in the light of their relations to the welfare of the people, always on the basis of 'What is right?' never from the basis of 'What is for the best interests of this or that party?' In other words he would treat every political

subject from the standpoint of 'The advancement of the kingdom of God on the earth.'"

Edward Norman looked up from the reading for a moment. "You understand that is my interpretation of Jesus' probable action on political matters on other newspaper men who may have a different conception of Jesus' probable action from mine. I am simply trying to answer honestly. 'What would Jesus do as Edward Norman?' and the answer I find is what I have put down."

"3. The end and aim of a daily paper conducted by Jesus would be to do the will of God. That is, his main purpose in carrying on a newspaper would not be to make money or gain political influence, but his first and ruling purpose should be so to conduct his paper that it would be evident to all his subscribers that he was trying to seek first the kingdom of God by means of his paper. This purpose would be as distinct and unquestioned as the purpose of a minister or a missionary or any other unselfish martyr in Christian work anywhere."

"4. All questionable advertisements would be impossible."

"5. The relation of Jesus to the employees on the paper would be of the most loving character."

"So far as I have gone," said Norman, again looking up, "I am of the opinion that Jesus would employ practically some form of co-operation that would represent the idea of mutual interest in a business where all were to move together for the same great end. I am working out such a plan, and I am confident it will be successful. At any rate, once introduced the element of personal love into a business like this, take out the selfish principle of doing it for the sake of personal profits to a man or company, and I do not see any way except the most loving personal interest between editor, reporters, pressmen and all who contributed anything to the life of the paper, and that interest would be expressed not only in the personal love and sympathy, but in a sharing with the profits of the business."

"6. As editor of a daily paper today Jesus would give large space to the work of the Christian world. He would devote a page possibly to the facts of reform, of sociological problems, of institutional church work and similar movements."

"7. He would do all in his power in his paper to fight the saloon as an enemy of the human race and an unnecessary part of our present civilization. He would do this regardless of public sentiment in the matter and, of course, always regardless of its effect on his subscription list."

Again Edward Norman looked up. "I state my honest conviction on this point. Of course I do not pass judgment on the Christian men who are editing other kinds of papers today, but as I interpret Jesus I believe he would use the influence of his paper to remove the saloon entirely from the political and social life of the nation."

"8. Jesus would not issue a Sunday edition."

"9. He would print the news of the world that people ought to know. Among the things that they do not need to know and which would not be published would be brutal prizefights, long accounts of crimes, scandals in private families or any other human events which in any way would conflict with the first point mentioned in this outline."

"10. If Jesus had the amount of money to use on a paper which we have, he would probably secure the best and strongest Christian men and women to co-operate with him in the matter of contributors. That will be my purpose, as I shall be able to show you in a few days."

"11. Whatever the details of the paper might demand as the paper developed along its definite plan, the main principle that guided it would always be the establishment of the kingdom of God in the world. This large general principle would necessarily shape all the details."

Edward Norman finished reading his plan. He was very thoughtful.

"I have merely sketched a very faint outline. I have a hundred ideas for making the paper powerful that I have not yet thought out fully. This is simply suggestive. I have talked it over with other newspaper men. Some of them say I will have a weak, namby pamby Sunday school sheet. If I get out something as good as a Sunday school, it will be pretty good. Why do men when they want to characterize something as particularly feeble always use a Sunday school as a comparison when they ought to know that the Sunday school is one of the strongest, most powerful influences in our civilization in this country today. But the paper will not necessarily be weak because it is good. Good things are more powerful than bad. The question with me is largely one of support from the Christian people of Raymond. There are over 20,000 church members here in the city. If half of them will stand by The News, its life is assured. What do you think, Maxwell, is the probability of such support?"

"I don't know enough about it to give an intelligent answer. I believe in the paper with all my heart. If it lives a year, as Miss Virginia said, there is no telling what it can do. The great

thing will be to issue such a paper, as near as we can judge, as Jesus probably would and put into it all the elements of Christian brains, strength, intelligence and sense and command respect by the absence of bigotry, of fanaticism, narrowness and anything else that is contrary to the spirit of Jesus. Such a paper will call for the best that human thought and action are capable of giving. The greatest minds in the world would have their powers taxed to the utmost to issue a Christian daily."

"Yes," Edward Norman spoke humbly. "I shall make great mistakes, no doubt. I need a great deal of wisdom. But I want to do as Jesus would. 'What would he do?' I have asked it daily and shall continue to do so and abide by results."

"I think we are beginning to understand," said Virginia, "the meaning of that command, 'Grow in the grace and knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.' I am sure I do not know all that he would do in detail until I know him better."

"That is very true," said Henry Maxwell. "I am beginning to understand that I cannot interpret the probable action of Jesus until I know better what his spirit is. To my mind the greatest question in all of human life is summed up when we ask, 'What would Jesus do?' if as we ask it we also try to answer it from a growing knowledge of Jesus himself. We must know Jesus before we can imitate him."

When the arrangements had been made between Virginia and Edward Norman, he found himself in possession of the sum of \$500,000, exclusively his to use for the establishment of a Christian daily paper. When Virginia and Henry Maxwell had gone, Norman closed his door and, alone with the Divine presence, asked like a child for help from his all powerful Father. All through his prayer as he knelt before his desk ran the promise, "If any man lack wisdom, let him ask of God, who giveth to all men liberally and upbraideth not, and it shall be given him." Surely his prayer would be answered and the kingdom be advanced through this instrument of God's power, this mighty press which had become so largely degraded to the base uses of man's avarice and ambition.

Two months went by. They were full of action and results in the city of Raymond and especially in the First church. In spite of the approaching heat of the summer season, the after meeting of the disciples who had made the pledge to do as Jesus would do continued with enthusiasm and power. Gray had finished his work at the Rectangle, and an outward observer going through the place could not have seen any difference in the old conditions, although there was an actual change in hundreds of lives. The saloons, dens, hovels, gambling houses, still ran, overflowing their wickedness into the lives of fresh victims to take the place of those rescued by the evangelist, and the devil recruited his ranks very fast.

Henry Maxwell did not go abroad. Instead of that he took the money he had been saving for the trip and quietly arranged a summer vacation for a whole family living down in the Rectangle who had never gone outside of the foul district of the tenement. The pastor of the First church will never forget the week he spent with this family making the arrangements. He went down into the Rectangle one hot day when something of the terrible heat of the tenements was beginning to be felt and helped the family to the station and then went with them to a beautiful spot on the coast, where, in the home of a Christian woman, these bewildered city tenants breathed for the first time in years the cool salt air and felt blow about them the pine scented fragrance of a new lease of life.

There was a sickly baby with the mother—three other children, one a cripple. The father, who had been out of work until he had been, as he afterward confessed to Maxwell, several times on the verge of suicide, sat with the baby in his arms during the journey, and when Maxwell started back to Raymond after seeing the family settled the man held his hand at parting and choked with his utterance and finally broke down, to Maxwell's great confusion. The mother, a wearied, worn-out woman, who had lost three children the year before from a fever scourge in the Rectangle, sat by the car window all the way and drank in the delights of sea and sky and field. It was a miracle to her, and Henry Maxwell, coming back into Raymond at the end of that week, feeling the scorching, sickening heat all the more because of his little taste of the ocean breezes, thanked God for the joy he had witnessed and entered upon his discipleship with a humble heart, knowing for almost the first time in his life this special kind of sacrifice, for never before had he denied himself his regular summer trip away from the heat of Raymond, whether he felt in any great need of rest or not.

"It is a fact," he said in reply to several inquiries on the part of his church. "I do not feel in need of a vacation this year. I am very well and prefer to stay here." It was with a feeling of relief that he succeeded in concealing from every one but his wife what he had done with this other family. He felt the need of doing anything of that sort without display or approval from others. So the summer came on, and Henry Maxwell grew into larger knowledge of his Lord. The First church was still swayed by the power of the Spirit. Maxwell marveled at the continuance of his stay. He knew very well that from the beginning nothing but the Spirit's presence had kept the church from being torn asunder by this remarkable test it had received of its discipleship. Even now there were many of the members among those who had not taken the pledge who regarded the whole movement as Mrs. Winslow did, in the nature of a fanatical interpretation of Christian duty, and looked for a return of the old normal condition. Meanwhile the whole body of dis-

ciples was under the influence of the Spirit, and Henry Maxwell went his way that summer doing his parish work in great joy, keeping up his meetings with the railroad men, as he had promised Alexander Powers, and daily growing into a better knowledge of the Master.

Early one evening in August, after a day of refreshing coolness, following a long period of heat, Jasper Chase walked to the window of his room in the apartment house on the avenue and looked out.

On his desk lay a pile of manuscript. Since that evening when he had spoken to Rachel Winslow he had not met her. His singularly sensitive nature, sensitive to the point of irritability when he was thwarted, seemed to thrust him into an isolation that was intensified by his habits as an author.

All through the heat of the summer he had been writing. His book was nearly done now. He had thrown himself into its construction with a feverish strength that threatened at any moment to desert him and leave him helpless. He had not forgotten his pledge with the other church members at the First church. It had forced itself upon his notice all through his writing and ever since Rachel had said no to him. He had asked a thousand times, "Would Jesus do this?" "Would he write this story?" It was a society novel, written in a style that had proved popular. It had no purpose except to amuse. Its moral teaching was not bad, but neither was it Christian in any positive way. Jasper Chase knew that such a story would sell. He was conscious of powers in his way that the social world petted and admired. What would Jesus do? The question troubled on him at the most inopportune times. He became irascible over it. The standard of Jesus as an author was too ideal. Of course Jesus would use his powers to produce something useful or helpful or with a purpose. What was he, Jasper Chase, writing this novel for? Why, what nearly every writer wrote for—namely, money and fame as a writer. There was no secret with him that he was writing this new story with that object. He was not poor and so had no temptation to write for money, but he was urged on by his desire for fame as much as anything. He must write this kind of matter. But what would Jesus do? The question plagued him even more than Rachel's refusal. Was he going to break his promise?

As he stood at the window Rollin Page came out of the clubhouse just opposite. Jasper noted his handsome face and noble figure as he started down the street. He went back to his desk and turned over some papers there. Then he returned to the window. Rollin was walking down past the block, and Rachel Winslow was walking beside him. Rollin must have overtaken her as she was coming from Virginia's that afternoon.

Jasper watched the two figures until they disappeared in the crowd on the walk. Then he turned to his desk and began to write. When he had finished the last page of the last chapter of his book, it was nearly dark. What would Jesus do? He had finally answered the question by denying his Lord. It grew darker in Jasper's room. He had deliberately chosen his course, urged on by his disappointment and loss.

"But Jesus said unto him, No man, having put his hand to the plow and looking back, is fit for the kingdom of heaven."

[CONTINUED.]

Small Cakes.

A ten pound cheese may be made of 50 quarts of milk. Twenty-five may be the evening's milk, skimmed in the morning, to which is added the whole morning's milk. The milk is set in a heater on the stove, being stirred now and then, to heat slowly to 80 degrees, when the rennet is thoroughly mixed by stirring. Half a teaspoonful of the liquid extract for this quantity of milk, or a cake of the solid rennet, as sold in the stores, is enough. The milk is covered and set in a warm place until the curd breaks before the finger is passed through it. The whey is then dipped off and put in the boiler and heated to 150 degrees.

While this is doing the curd is broken by the hand, the hot whey is then poured on, and when the curd squeaks when bitten it is ready to be put into molds and pressed down solidly, and the whey is drained off. As soon as the cheese is solid enough it is taken from the mold and kept in a clean place and turned daily for a month. It should then be kept a month longer in an airy place and the mold which gathers on it scraped off once a week. A very good cheese may be made without this heating in hot whey.—Indiana Farmer.

Mrs. Kruger, wife of "Oom" Paul, is the richest woman in the Transvaal, but she does her own cooking and makes the bread.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Deanison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Ghalshie. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial."

For sale by G. E. Wiley, Bethel, A. S. Bean, W. Bethel, W. H. Crockett, Locke Mills, J. W. Bennett, Gillett, A. R. Small & Son, Bryant Pond.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarella Candy Cathartic. 10c or 50c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

CLOCKS...

Who can or would go without a Clock when ONE DOLLAR will buy an Alarm Clock, fully warranted for a year. (With care it should last ten.) Other clocks in different styles—Parlor, Bedroom and Kitchen Clocks.

Prices from \$1.00 up. You buy one and if not satisfactory bring it back. Clocks repaired in first class shape.

EDW. KING,

Jeweler and Optician, BETHEL, ME.

MONDAY,

OCTOBER 22d, and every other day in the week we shall sell

Ladies' Fleeced Lined Hose, Seamless Foot at 10c per pair.

Ladies' Fleeced Lined Hose, extra heavy, seamless foot,

at 12 1-2c per pair.

Ladies' Fleeced Lined Hose, fine and heavy, at 25c per pair.

Ladies' Fleeced Lined Hose, extra fine and heavy, at 50c per pair.

Ladies' and Children's Fleeced Lined Vests and Pants, extra quality

at 25c each

Ladies' extra heavy quality Fleeced Lined Vests and Pants at 50c each

Ladies' extra quality all wool, Gray and Red Vests and Pants

at \$1.00 each

Union Suits at \$1.00 and \$1.25.

MERRITT WELCH,

NORWAY, MAINE.

Call at

G. P. BEAN'S AND SEE HOW

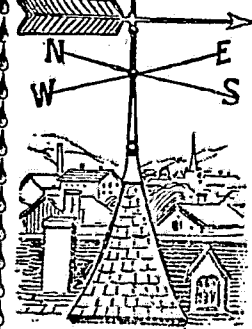
Large a Quantity of Goods you can get for a small sum of money.

G. P. BEAN,

Corner of Church and Main Streets.

A Pointer

that indicates the way the breeze of popular favor is blowing is the gratifying support we are receiving in our effort to save money for our customers at every point in our stock. Careful buying and small profits mean profit for you.



Groceries..

that are fresh and sweet, at prices that are reasonable.....

Grain and ..Feed..

IRA C. JORDAN, BETHEL.

TO THE PUBLIC New

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY:

in all the new Shades and Styles

AT E. E. Burnham's

COLE BLOCK.

BETHEL, ME.

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..NEWS FIGHTING CONTEST..

DON'T

SURFACE OF ROADS.

Only the Hardest Stone Should Be Used For Top Layer.

The advantages to be derived from good stone roads are so manifold that all other materials should be discarded where tough road stone is available for their construction and maintenance. But it is greater economy to use earth or gravel than to go to the expense of macadamizing roads with too soft, too brittle or rotten material. Many use this because it is easily prepared. A road should never be surfaced with anything short of trap rock or serpentine. Inferior material may often be used with impunity for the first layer, or foundation, but even this should be selected with great care.

The evils resulting from improper construction of stone roads are even greater than those from the use of improper material. Macadam never intended that a heterogeneous conglomeration of stone and mud should be called a macadam road. Neither did he intend that the name should be applied to roads constructed of large and small stones mixed together and spread upon the surface. The surface of a road built in this manner is constantly disturbed by the larger stones, which work to the surface and which are knocked hither and thither by the wheels of vehicles and the feet of animals. Such methods of construction cannot be too severely condemned.

The first course of foundation of the macadam road can be made of the coarsest stones from the crusher, provided that they are of uniform size and that each stone shall weigh not over six ounces and will pass through a 2½ inch ring. Where the road is to be eight inches thick this foundation should be four inches after rolling. If the road is to be of greater thickness than eight inches, the foundation should be composed of two courses separately rolled.

After having thoroughly rolled this foundation apply enough ground stone or coarse sand to fill the interstices. This should be wetted and thoroughly rolled until a hard and uniform surface is obtained.

Upon this foundation the surface material should be placed, wetted and thoroughly rolled. The stones of which this surface material is composed should be if possible crushed to a size of one inch in diameter; but if that is not possible they should never be larger in diameter than 1½ inches. Ground stone screenings should then be spread upon the surface, wetted and rolled as before, until a hard smooth surface is the result.

Working For Good Roads.

Patrick H. Flynn, the Brooklyn surface railroad man, is promoting the building of good roads in western Sullivan county, N. Y., by offering \$750000 first and second prizes of \$70 and \$30 for making and maintaining the best roads in their respective districts. It is reported that the rewards have greatly stimulated the efforts of the pathmasters and town authorities and that roads which for years have been bad are now good.

The Home.

[Contributions to this column are earnestly solicited. Help us to make it of interest to all.—Ed.]

HIGHER EDUCATION.

IT IS WOMAN'S RIGHT AND AS DESIRABLE FOR HER AS FOR MAN.

The World's Treatment of Woman Is an Indelible Stain on the Page of History—Bishop Spalding on the Christian Ideal.

The indelible stain on the page of history is the world's treatment of woman. Through the ages man has been unjust to man—cruel even—but woman seemed to be almost beyond the pale of humanity. She was his drudge, his slave, his chattel. She was a thing to be bought and sold, to be played with in idle hours, and for the rest to be immured in the twofold darkness of ignorance and confining walls.

The savage went wife hunting as he hunted beasts of prey. The barbarian also captured his woman in war or he bought her. The civilized pagan was a polygamist or looked on himself as wholly free from obligations of marital fidelity. Woman was the great outcast of the human race, and it would seem that only the coming of a god could have given her courage to hope for a better fate.

"She is an impudent animal," says Seneca, "and unless she has advanced in philosophical knowledge and in various learning she is cruel and incontinent." In the Hebrew scriptures we have indeed a nobler view of woman's worth; it is, however, but a partial light. It was Christianity that gave the first impulse to the recognition of her dignity and mission.

The transformation has indeed been slow, as the whole upward movement of the race has been slow, but the force that has wrought the change is not machinery, or trade, or philosophy, or science, but the Christian religion, which consecrated purity and defined love.

The custom of ages, become a second nature, which led man to look upon woman as inferior because she had less muscular strength, was not easily overthrown—nay, it has not yet been wholly done away with—but the enlightened opinion of the world is no longer guided by physical standards in its estimate of human worth, and woman's delicacy of bodily structure in ceasing to be a disgrace has become the vesture and symbol of her spiritual excellence.

The Christian ideal is moral rather than intellectual. The followers of Christ find themselves in a school of religion and virtue, not in a school of philosophy.

Nevertheless, reason is man's highest attribute—it is what makes him man; it is the power which gives meaning and value to all he hopes or loves or does; it is the immediate revelation of God in each soul, the arbiter of conscience, the master light of all our seeing, the fulcrum on which we rest to move the universe in the direction of divine and eternal purposes.

It is not the privilege of a few; but all, if they be rightly educated, may be made capable of judging truly and discerning wisely, and the public opinion, which recognizes this principle in theory, impels more and more to its actualization. In the primary and secondary schools throughout Christendom girls and boys are taught the same things, by the same methods and with equal success; but the inveterate prejudice which held woman to be mentally as well as physically inferior to man has not yet altogether or everywhere been overcome when there is a question of the highest intellectual culture.

It is still asserted that woman is incapable of serious mental training, and that the habits she forms in attempting to acquire the best education make her discontented with her proper work, unfit her to become wife and mother, take from her something of the sweetness, purity and moral beauty which constitute her greatest charm and on which the welfare of the race so largely depends.

Education is simply the process whereby the powers which constitute a human being are strengthened, developed and brought into act. If these endowments are good, education is good, and the best is the best, whether for man or woman. What interests the one must interest the other; what benefits the one must benefit the other. Women not less than men need strong and open minds, the capacity to form definite ideas and sound judgments, to deduce conclusions logically from premises, to weigh evidence and to estimate the value of proof. They, more than men even, may be helped if they are permitted to live in the high and serene worlds which the study of philosophy, poetry, history and science will throw open to them; for they, more than men probably, dwell in the present, are too much dominated by the senses and a better education by enabling them to live more in the past and the future, will tranquilize, deepen and purify their whole being.

What shall women learn? Whatever experience and the insight of the wisest have shown to have most efficacy in opening, strengthening and supplying the mind, whether literature, or science, or metaphysics, or history. Is not such superficial acquaintance with these branches of knowledge as may be made in our academies and other similar schools for girls sufficient for them? It is sufficient for those who cannot or will not take up the work of intellectual culture in a serious spirit and with earnest purpose, and these unfortunately are the many, whether there be question of women or of men. A few only are urged by the impulse to grow consciously in mental power, as but a few hunger and thirst for righteousness. They are the best. Their value is greater than that of numbers, because their life is of a higher quality and potency. It is they who uplift the ideals in whose light the multitude walk—it is they who open ways to undiscovered worlds—it is they who show to the crowd what right thought and right dealing human souls may achieve. Were it not for them the whole people would sink to lower planes of thought and aspiration.—Right Rev. J. L. Spalding in Journal of Education.

No More Tea and Toast. Up to date doctors have for some time sounded a warning against the all too common invalid diet of "toast and tea." Few things, say they, are harder for the weakened stomach to digest than hot buttered toast. Now the physicians' warnings have received re-enforcement

from the French chef at such a time as says: "I am no doctor, but if I were I would not let my patients eat hot buttered toast. I fully believe it causes as much indigestion as hot griddlecakes. In this country the average woman eats hot toast with quantities of butter on it every day."

MOTHS IN CARPETS.

How to Kill the Pests—Care of Floor Coverings.

If you fear that they are at work at the edge of the carpet, it will sometimes suffice to lay a wet towel and press a flatiron over it, but the best way is to take the carpet up and clean it and give careful attention to the floor. Look in the cracks, and if you discover signs of moths wash the floor with benzine and scatter red pepper on it before putting the carpet lining down.

Heavy carpets sometimes do not require taking up every year unless in constant use. Loosen the edges, fold the carpets back, wash the floor in strong suds, with a tablespoonful of borax dissolved in them. Dash with insect powder or lay with tobacco leaves along the edge and retack the carpet, or use turpentine, the enemy of buffalo moths, carpet worms and other insects that injure and destroy carpets. Mix the turpentine with pure water in the proportion of three table-spoonfuls to three quarts of water and then, after the carpet has been well swept, go over each breadth carefully with a sponge dipped in a solution and wrung nearly dry. Change the water as often as it becomes dirty. The carpet will be nicely cleaned, as well as disinfected. All moths can be kept away and the eggs destroyed by this means. Spots may be removed and renovated by the use of ox gall or ammonia and water.

A good way to brighten a carpet is to put half a tumbler of spirits of turpentine in a basin of water and dip your broom in it and sweep over the carpet once or twice, and it will restore the color and brighten it up until you would think it new. Another good way to clean old carpets is to lay them over with meal. Just dampen it a very little and rub the carpet with it, and when perfectly dry sweep over the meal. After a carpet is thoroughly swept rub it with a cloth dipped in water and ammonia. It will brighten the colors and make it look like new.—Philadelphia Times.

Going to Bed Hungry.

It is a mistake to suppose that it is never good to eat before sleeping. An hour of sleeplessness may be avoided by nibbling a biscuit at bedtime. All animals except man eat before sleeping, and there is no reason why man should form an exception to the rule. Fasting during the long interval between supper and breakfast and especially the complete emptiness of the stomach during sleep add greatly to the amount of emaciation, sleeplessness and general weakness so often met with. It is well known that in the body there is a perpetual disintegration of tissue, sleeping or waking. It is, therefore, natural to believe that the supply of nourishment should be somewhat continuous, especially in those in whom the vitality is lowered.

As bodily exercise is suspended during sleep, with wear and tear correspondingly diminished, while digestion, assimilation and nutritive activity continue as usual, the food furnished during this period adds more than is destroyed, and increased weight and improved general vigor is the result, says Woman's Life. If the weakly, the emaciated and the sleepless were to take nightly a light meal of simple, nutritious food before going to bed for a prolonged period, they would be raised to a better standard of health.

It has been our experience that after digesting a bowl of bread and milk or a saucer of oatmeal before going to bed for a few months a surprising increase in weight, strength and general tone has resulted.—St. Louis Republic.

Uses For Salt.

Common salt rubbed into the roots of the hair at night will remove dandruff and prevent the hair from coming out. A poultice of salt moistened with vinegar will quickly alleviate the pain caused by the sting of a wasp or bee. A cup of hot water to which a teaspoonful of salt has been added, if taken regularly every day before breakfast, will be found to strengthen the digestive powers. Bathing in strong salt and water will be found comforting to aching and blistered feet. Fine table salt makes an excellent tooth powder. Bathing the eyes frequently with salt and water will be found very beneficial when they are weak or tired.—Home

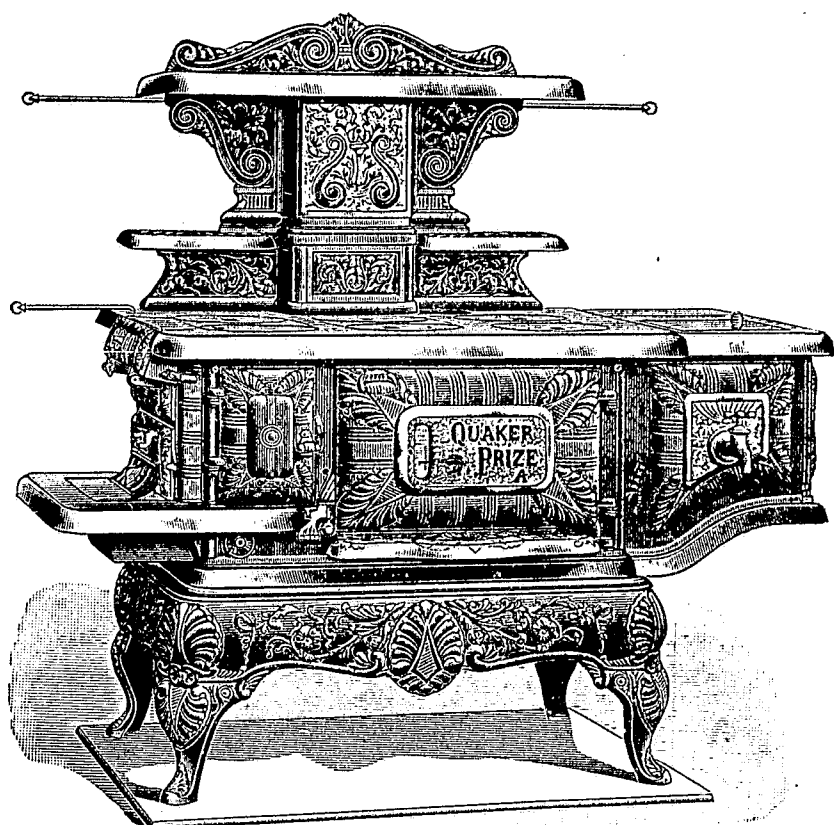
Pictures in the Corners.

Sir Edward Burne-Jones, the artist, loves children very dearly. When his small children are naughty, their mamma punishes them by standing them for a few minutes in a corner, with their faces to the wall. This seemed to be quite severe punishment to their beauty loving papa. So he has painted in the corners where his children are punished sprays of flowers, saying, "If he has to go to the corner, I am determined he shall enjoy himself there." It is also said that the artist, when visiting, found a child of his host receiving the same punishment and that he quickly sketched with a pencil flying birds in the corner where the small boy stood.

It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds it has cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has averted and of the children it has saved from attacks of croup and whooping cough. It is a grand, good medicine.

For sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel; A. S. Bean, W. Bethel; W. H. Crockett, Locke Mills; J. W. Bennett, Gilead; A. R. Small & Son, Bryant Pond.

CHRISTMAS PRESENT



News Voting Contest

The above is an exact picture of the Quaker Range which the publishers of the NEWS will give to some lady as a Christmas present. This is positively one of the best ranges on the market, and one that retails for \$50.00. It would be useless to enter into any description as everyone knows, by reputation at least, what the Quaker Range is, and it is sufficient to say that this is one of the latest, and contains improvements found in no other range. Come into the NEWS office and examine it for yourself, and you will readily see that the lady who gets it as Christmas present will get a range than which there is none better, and of which any woman could justly feel proud.

CONDITIONS

This will be made, as the name implies, a voting contest and will be conducted as follows: Each paper during the life of the contest will contain one coupon which when properly filled out and presented at the NEWS office, will count one vote. Every dollar paid on new subscriptions will count 100 votes. Every dollar paid on old subscriptions in arrears will count 20 votes. Old subscriptions if paid up and one year in advance will count 50 votes to each dollar paid. No votes will be credited unless the money is actually paid. The contest will close on Friday, December 22, at 5 p. m.

E. L. Tebbets & Co.

We keep constantly in stock the best quality of

Corn and Oats.

Which we grind to suit our customers.

We also keep FLOUR, BRAN, MIDDINGS, MINERAL SALT, GRASS SEED, and

Poultry Supplies.

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Custom : Grinding.

E. L. TEBBETS & CO.,

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Workers.

Chaste Designs.

First-Class workmanship.

Letters of inquiry promptly answered. See our work.

Get our prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Nearly 58 Years Old

It's a long life, but devotion to the true interests and prosperity of the American people has won for it new friends as the years roll by and the original members of its family passed to their reward, and these admirers are loyal and steadfast to-day, with faith in its teachings, and confidence in its information which it brings to their homes and firesides.

Its a natural consequence it enjoys in its old age all the vitality and vigor of its youth, strengthened and ripened by the experience of over half a century. It has lived on its merits, and on the cordial support of progressive Americans. It is

THE N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE

acknowledged the country over as the leading National Family Newspaper. Recognizing its value to those who desire all the news of the State and Nation, the publishers of

THE BETHEL NEWS

your own favorite home paper has entered into an alliance with the New York Weekly Tribune which enables them to furnish both papers at \$1.50 a year.

Every farmer and every villager owes to himself, to his family, and to the community in which he lives, the cordial support of his local newspaper, as it works constantly and untiringly for his interests in every way, brings to his home all the news and happenings of the neighborhood, the doings of his friends, the condition and prospect for different crops, the prices in home markets, and, in fact, is a weekly visitor which should be found in every wide-awake, progressive family. Just think of it! Both of these papers for only \$1.50 a year.

Send all subscriptions to THE NEWS, BETHEL, ME

OXFORD COUNTY Insurance Agency,

Established, August, 1865.

Represents the leading Fire, Life, Accident, Health, and Plate Glass Insurance Companies.

First-class farm buildings insured for 1½ per cent, for three years.

FREELAND HOWE, Agent. Norway, Maine.

Represented by Arthur E. Morrison, Rumford Falls, Me.

NOTICE.

Collector's Notice and Advertisement of sale of Lands of non-resident owners. Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the town of Bethel, in the County of Oxford, for the year 1898.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners, in the town of Bethel, for the year 1898, committed to me for collection for said town on the thirteenth day of June, 1898, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient and necessary to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold with out further notice, at public auction at Odeon Hall in said town, on the first Monday of December, 1899, at nine o'clock a.m.

Clark & Frost,	\$7.40
Clark & Frost,	2.77
O. M. Goss,	1.66
E. R. Holmes,	7.56
H. O. Knowlton,	9.25
Joseph T. Welch,	4.25
Horace Walker,	1.75
W. F. Walker,	2.31
Z. O. Estes,	1.25
Estes and Moody lots,	1.30
Jas. May Connell land,	1.50
One half of lot 3 in Range 6,	1.50
William Reed farm,	1.50
D. M. Goss farm,	1.50
Mark Swan place,	1.50
Sylvester Mason stand,	1.50
James Lane stand,	1.50
Homestead,	1.50
Wheeler Meadow lot,	1.50
Stand on Summer street,	1.50
Wood lot,	1.50
Meadow,	1.50
N. A. Austin lot,	1.50

Bethel, October 4, 1899.

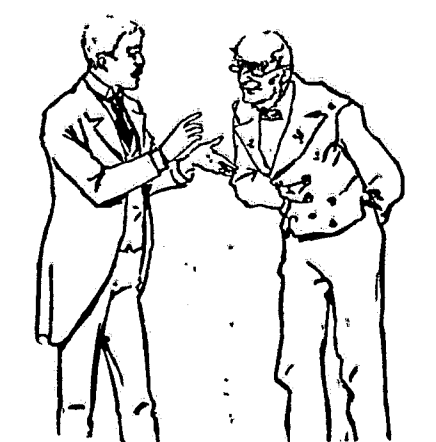
H. H. BEAN, Collector of Taxes of the Town of Bethel.

NEWS VOTING CONTEST.

One vote for

Cut this out, fill in the name of the lady for whom you wish to vote, and bring or send it to the NEWS office before December 22.

DON'T HESITATE A MOMENT.



Come and look over our

5000

and more

ROLLS OF NEW WALL PAPER AND BORDERS.

High and low quality, in handsome designs and at the fairest of prices. We also have a full spring stock of Carpets, Mattings, and Curtains. Come and look if you don't wish to buy now—you may sometime.

N. DAYTON BOLSTER & CO. SO. PARIS, MAINE.

E. C. BOWLER, Editor.
Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.
Subscriptions \$1.25 strictly in advance.
If not paid in advance \$1.50 will be charged.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
The colored slip on your paper denotes the time to which you have paid for your paper. If not correct notify us immediately.
Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for its payment.
If any person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount whether it is taken from the office or not.
If you want to discontinue your paper, write to the publisher yourself, and don't leave it to the postmaster.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 22, 1899.

Vice-President Hobart died at 8.30 Tuesday morning; he had failed much since Monday afternoon and became unconscious about midnight; at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning he had an attack of angina pectoris from which he did not rally. Mr. Hobart leaves a widow and one child, Garret A., aged fifteen years. Mr. Hobart was a self-made man, and his example a worthy one for young men to follow. It is said that young Hobart arrived at Paterson, N. J., with but a dollar and fifty cents in his pocket, and from this small beginning he made his way unaided to wealth and prominence. By the death of Mr. Hobart, the office of Vice President of the United States becomes vacant for the rest of President McKinley's term, as the law provides no successor. A president pro tem of the Senate will be elected by that body when Congress assembles, who will hold the office until March, 1901. By law, the succession to the Presidency of the United States in the event of vacancy, falls upon the Vice President, and in the event of the latter's death to the Secretary of State, the next in line being the Secretary of the Treasury, then the Secretary of War and down through the list of Cabinet officers in precedence fixed by Congress, when the death of Vice President Hendricks disclosed the necessity of such a provision. Senator William P. Frye is now President pro tem of the Senate. He will call that body to order when it assembles on Dec. 4, and preside until a successor is chosen. That he will succeed himself is generally conceded.

Travelling Library.
The travelling library commission has adopted the following rules for the circulation of the libraries and books:
Except as hereinafter provided the books furnished by the State to a free library or to an association under the law establishing travelling libraries, must be loaned free of charge to any and all of the inhabitants of the town in which the free library or association is established.
Books loaned to free libraries may be circulated in accordance with its rules and regulations.
1. PLACE AND TIME. The library shall be kept at a convenient place and be open for delivering and returning books at such times as the trustee in charge shall direct, not less than one hour for each of three days in each week, of which due public notice shall be given.
2. READERS. After signing the agreement any resident of the town over 14 years of age may draw books as long as he complies with the rules.

AGREEMENT.
Being a resident of—over 14 years of age I hereby agree, as a borrower from the Maine travelling library, to pay promptly any fines due from me for over detention of books, or for injuries of any kind beyond reasonable wear to any book while it is charged to me.
Persons less than 14 years of age shall be entitled to the same privileges when their agreements are endorsed by their parent or guardian. In agreements of those under 14 the actual age must be written instead of the figures 14 in the printed form.
3. BOOKS. One volume may be drawn by each reader and kept two weeks. No one taking books from the library shall have the right to transfer the same to any other person. All books shall be

returned to the library at the end of the period for which they are loaned before being reissued. Books shall not be reserved.
4. FINES. A fine of one cent a day shall be paid for each book kept over time, and any money thus received shall be used under direction of the trustees for library expenses. No book shall be lent to any one to whom a book or unpaid fine is charged.
5. RENEWAL. A reader returning a book may renew it for one week.
6. INJURIES. Notes, corrections of the press, or marks of any kind on books belonging to the State are unconditionally forbidden; and all losses or injuries beyond reasonable wear, however caused, must be promptly adjusted to the satisfaction of the trustee by the person to whom the book is charged.

EAST BETHEL.
J. M. Bartlett was at home from Berlin, N. H. last Saturday. His family will move to Berlin this week to spend the winter.

J. H. Swan and G. K. Hastings returned from their hunting expedition, with three large deer; one buck weighed two hundred and twenty pounds, and had a handsome head and antlers, which Mr. Hastings is having mounted.
The people of this place were deeply shocked by the sudden death of their postmaster, Mr. W. H. Tracy, last Wednesday, Nov. 15. His age was about 55 years. Mourning relatives accompanied him to Norway where funeral services were held, Rev. Miss Angel officiating. Interment in Pine Grove cemetery. Mr. Tracy was highly respected and loved by all, especially by the young people and children, for his pleasant social manner, kind greeting and rare courtesy to all, and will be sadly missed in the home neighborhood.
The bereaved family have the deepest sympathy of all, in this time of sadness. His brother, Mr. George Tracy from Harrison, has charge of his business.

SOUTH ANDOVER.
L. R. Hall has begun to get his winter's wood.

H. M. Hodgman is making improvements on his farm buildings.
The G. E. Club met with Martin Hall last week, and, although it was stormy, a goodly number were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark of Providence, R. I., are visiting their mother, Mrs. Ann Mitchell, at Ingalls Bragg's.

Turner Silver and Ed Martin, who have been staying with C. W. Hodgman, each got a deer on Puzzle mountain.

Lewis Hall shot a large buck deer last week. It weighed 250 pounds. Mr. Hall is having the head mounted.

HANOVER.
The snow is melting away and wheels are being used again.

Mr. A. Herford, who has been in Errol, N. H., has returned home.

Bert Patterson found a white deer dead in the woods near Willis Hill.

Herbert A. Russell shot a large deer, and Henry Howe also killed one near C. P. Bartlett's.

The Good Templars received three new members into their lodge; they now have over fifty.

MILTON PLANTATION.
E. Andrews was in Augusta Saturday on business.

Jennie Coffin of Locke Mills who visited relatives in this place the past week, returned to her home Saturday.

Ivy and Florence Richardson and Laura Swett are home from South Paris on a two weeks' vacation from school.

Mary Chapman closed a successful term of school Friday. Miss Chapman will return in two weeks to teach the winter term, and all will welcome her back.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.
This paper needs no introduction to our readers. We have furnished hundreds to them, and are furnishing it now to our subscribers for \$1.50. Old and new alike.

CHILDREN
and their diseases. Write for book containing facts every mother should know. Sent free. Thousands of afflicted children have been cured by Treloar's Pin Worm Expeller. Purely vegetable and harmless. Est. 47 years. Price 50c. All druggists. DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

GROVER HILL.
School in this district closed Friday, Nov. 17, after a very successful term of eleven weeks, taught by Miss Ethel Marie Richardson. It is hoped she will teach the winter term. The following program was greatly enjoyed by parents and friends present, who frequently applauded.

SCHOOL EXERCISES.
The Wandering of the Birds.
A Pleasant Walk.
The Engineer's Story.
What Was It?
The Chickens.
A Shipwreck.
Composition.
The Railroad Crossing.
Reminding the Hen.
The Party.
A Little Feller.
Washington.
Composition.
Rodney's Ride.
The Lost Kitten.
A Glorious Battle Won.
Boys Wanted.
Composition.
A Complaint.
A First Thanksgiving.
Gwendolyn Stearns.
Earle Bartlett.
Ola Hutchins.

—And this really happened in a town not far from Bethel: One lady in town had been anticipating with much pleasure the charity concert to be given in the town, ever since it was first advertised. Whether she read the announcement as carefully as she should is another matter. But last Thursday evening she took the car, got off at the Opera House, bought a ticket and took her seat. In due time the curtain rose, and revealed a circle of negro minstrels—a class of entertainers which the lady in question regards, at best, with toleration and in no sense with admiration. She had taken it for granted that the charity concert was in the Opera House, but it so happened that the concert was at another hall, and the Opera House was occupied that evening by Billy Van's Big Minstrels, of which she had not even heard. Her friends are still smiling.

"Honest Labor Bears a Lovely Face."
There is nothing more pleasing to look upon than a hearty, ruddy face, gained by honest toil. They are the saving of the nation, these toilers of both sexes, struggling for daily bread.

Pure blood makes them able to keep up the daily round of duty at home, shop or store. If the blood has a taint or impurity, or a run-down feeling comes over the one remedy is Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine for the blood.

Poor Blood—"My blood was so poor that in hottest weather I felt cold. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me warm. It is the right thing in the right place." Hattie J. Taylor, Woodstown, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
"Never Disappoints"
Hood's Pills cure liver troubles, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Engine and Boiler for Sale.
I have for sale one 12-horse-power boiler and 8-horse-power engine, also one engine lathe, eight-foot bed and 18-inch swing, one wood planer, six-inch drop, all in first-class condition, and will be sold at a bargain. J. C. Billings.

STATE OF MAINE.
Cumberland, ss.

Taken this twenty-eighth day of October, A. D. 1899, on execution dated October 20, 1899, issued on a judgment rendered by the Superior Court for the County of Cumberland, at a term thereof begun and held on the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1899, to wit, on the second day of October, 1899, in favor of the Chapman National Bank of Portland in the County of Cumberland, against L. W. Mason and H. Mason, both of Mexico in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, and Frank Mason of Boston in the County of Suffolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, for Three thousand three hundred forty-three and 6-100 (\$3343.06) dollars debt or damage, and Nineteen and 36-100 (\$19.36) dollars costs of suit, and will be sold at public auction at the Sheriff's Office at South Paris, in the County of Oxford, to the highest bidder, on the fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1899, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all the right, title and interest which the said Frank Mason has in and to, or had on the third day of April, 1899, at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the time when the same was attached on the writ in the same suit, in and to the following described real estate in said County of Oxford, to wit:

The homestead farm of William W. Mason, late of Bethel, deceased, situated in said Bethel, being the same premises described in a deed from Eunice H. Mason and Ayers Mason to William W. Mason, dated May 11, 1865, recorded in Oxford County Registry of Deeds, Book 136, Page 336.

Also all the land situated in the town of Bethel that is described in a deed from Mighill Mason to William W. Mason, dated January 24, 1873, recorded in said Oxford County Registry Book 167, Page 168.

Also the Swift field, so called, situated in said Bethel, being the same premises described in a deed from Betsey K. Swift to William W. Mason, dated September 6, 1875, recorded in Oxford County Registry, Book 172, Page 200, and the same described in deed from Betsey K. Swift, guardian, to said Mason, dated September 6, 1875, recorded in said Registry, Book 169, Pages 527 and 528.

Also certain parcels of land situated in the town of Albany in said Oxford County, comprising the Albany Farm, so called, and being all and the same premises described in a deed from John A. Pingree to William W. Mason, dated September 3, 1873, recorded in Oxford County Registry, Book 168, Page 6.

Also certain land known as the Stowe land, situated in the town of Newry in said Oxford County, being the same premises described in a deed from Andrew N. Stowe et al to William W. Mason, dated June 13, 1875, recorded in Oxford County Registry, Book 172, Page 144. Excepting the parcels heretofore conveyed to A. N. Stowe and Francis C. Stowe by deeds dated August 13, 1885 and April 16, 1885, duly recorded in said Oxford County Registry.

Also lot 3, range 9, in Riley Plantation in said Oxford County, being the same premises described in a deed from Calvin Bisbee to William W. Mason, dated November 26, 1836, recorded in Oxford County Registry, Book 189, Page 116.

Also all the pine trees standing and growing on land in Andover in said Oxford County, described in a deed from Alvira A. Harding to Charles P. Bartlett and William W. Mason, dated July 25, 1890, recorded in said Oxford County Registry, Book 188, Page 202.

Also certain lots of land situated in Byron in said Oxford County, being lot 7, range 12, lot 7 range 13, and 3 1/2 lots in Tobin land so called, in said Byron, being the same premises described respectively in deed from Abigail J. Hodson to William W. Mason, dated June 12, 1888, recorded in Oxford County Registry, book 217, page 504, deed from Charles P. Bartlett to Wm. W. Mason, dated January 9, 1890, recorded in said Registry, Book 221, Page 320, and deed from Charles P. Bartlett to William W. Mason, dated August 20, 1890, recorded in said Registry, Book 216, page 464; excepting from the lands described in said deeds any lands conveyed by said William W. Mason prior to his decease.

Also lots 8, 9 and 10 in range 4 lots 8 and 9 in range 3 1/2 in common and undivided of lot 11 in range 8, and 1/2 in common and undivided of lot 11 in range 1, all in the town of Roxbury, in said Oxford County, and being the same lots of land of which said William W. Mason died seized and possessed.

Also lot 1 in range 12 and 1/2 in common and undivided (additional to the preceding third) of lot 5, range 8, in the town of Roxbury in said Oxford County.

Also 15 certain lots of land situated in said town of Roxbury, being all and the same parcels of land conveyed by Charles P. Bartlett to said Frank Mason et al, by deeds dated August 15, 1892, and August 9, 1892, recorded in Oxford County Registry respectively in Book 220, Page 486, and Book 230, Page 44.

Also a certain lot of land situated in the town of Roxbury in said Oxford County, known as the Goff lot, and being the same premises conveyed to William W. Mason by Sewell Goff by deed dated May 30, 1892, recorded in Oxford County registry of Deeds, Book 230, Page 326.

Also certain lands situated in the town of Andover in said Oxford County, known as the Howard and Abbott land, being the same premises conveyed to William W. Mason by Preston O. Howard and Henry M. Abbott by deed dated Oct. 7, 1882, recorded in Oxford County Registry, Book 202, Page 327.

Also certain land situated in the town of Mexico in said Oxford County, known as the Reed Farm, and being the same premises conveyed to I. Wallace Mason et al by Lydia A. Reed, by deed dated August 15, 1892 recorded in said Oxford County Registry, Book 223, Page 85, and H. A. Edwards, dated June 19, 1891, recorded in said Oxford County Registry, Book 223, Page 81.

Reference is made to all deeds and the records thereof above cited.

CYRUS M. WORMELL,
Deputy Sheriff.
October 28, 1899.

Convenience of the thing.
If nothing else, suggest the advantage of having the piece of furniture commercially known as a Combination Case. It's really a book case and writing desk in one with all the advantages of both. The falling lid, to write on, ensures plenty of elbow room, while pigeon holes and small drawers above enable the user to have the necessities near at hand. The bookcase part has glass front, adjustable shelves, while the space is ample for an assortment of the most used volumes to be kept close at hand.
Naturally you want to know about the price—we can only briefly touch on that when we say \$10.00 buys a plain design, good as far as it goes—\$13, \$15, \$18 \$20 and \$25, while some half dozen or more run higher up to \$40.00. The certainty of being pleased is not an unimportant point to be considered. It's our way to guarantee satisfaction.
FREE FREIGHT OR EXPRESS.
Bradford, Conant & Co.,
199-202 LEWISTON, LISBON STREET, MAINE. . . .

CALL AT R. E. L. FARWELL'S.
and see what you can find that is good to eat.
If you don't see what you want, ask for it.

25-20 REPEATER
THE LATEST REPEATER
The ONLY 25 Calibre Repeater on the market.
Model 1893, using the .22-40 and .22-55 is the strongest and best repeater made.
TAKE DOWNS in all calibres.
MODEL 1894 ready; In .32-20, .38-40, .44-40 and .25-20.
Use MARLIN RUST REPELLENT to preserve guns and all metal work, 15 cents per tube. Send fifteen cents in stamps and we will mail you a pack of highest quality playing cards, special designs.

FUR GOODS.
Winter is near at hand and you meet it unprepared unless you have a good FUR COAT, and then along with the fur coats comes a Fur Robe, Fur Driving Gloves and Mittens and Horse Blankets. I keep a complete stock and my prices are all right.
Let me call your attention again to my STOCK FOOD. No farmer should be without it. Remember you can have your money back if it does not satisfy you.

E. H. YOUNG, Bethel, Me.

SOMETHING NEW..
THE PLATINO CRAYONIDE.

This new portrait that I am now getting out is not only new, but it is so far beyond the ordinary that I am anxious that you see. So I have decided to use a few of them as an advertisement and trust you will be able to take advantage of my special offer.
From now until Dec. 25th, I shall give one of these

Large Portraits free of charge,

with every dozen cabinets. This is no cheap portrait that is going to fade in a short time, but is guaranteed to be permanent and a perfect likeness. Call and see them.

I Have Just Received a Line of New Mouldings,

all the latest styles and am prepared to frame pictures of any size at short notice.

WILFRED BOWLER, PHOTOGRAPHER, BETHEL.

Bethel Market!

MEATS.
Chicago Beef, Rounds, and Loins. Pork Ribs, Boneless and Pressed Ham, Veal and Lamb in their season. Ex-Corned Beef, Chicken and Fowl. Frankforts, Tongues and Sausages.
Oysters.
Providence River Oysters and Clams.
Fresh Crackers and Pickles.
Give me my share of your patronage, and in return I will give you good goods and keep a place that will be a credit as well as an accommodation to all.

C. A. LUCAS, Prop
Opposite G. P. Bean's Store.
ESTABLISHED 1860. PATENTS. TRADE MARKS. DESIGNS. COPYRIGHTS.
Thirty-one years active practice. Opinion as to validity and patentability. Write for book of instructions and references. EDSON BROS., 725 F Street, Washington, D. C.

25-20 REPEATER
THE LATEST REPEATER
The ONLY 25 Calibre Repeater on the market.
Model 1893, using the .22-40 and .22-55 is the strongest and best repeater made.
TAKE DOWNS in all calibres.
MODEL 1894 ready; In .32-20, .38-40, .44-40 and .25-20.
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Large Portraits free of charge,

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I Have Just Received a Line of New Mouldings,

all the latest styles and am prepared to frame pictures of any size at short notice.

WILFRED BOWLER, PHOTOGRAPHER, BETHEL.

The number Maine game registered this 1800. With the camp owners with a license for the ing camp. Two guides have been 38 trappers a taken out license ance of their Maine woods the
A prominent presses his opini of enforcing the Lewiston, is in that in a reman there will be a in the sale of liq city. Many of the ganizations in L burn, are discuss their regular m doubtless co-ope ent promoters ar ment in an effect
The oldest chil cas, aged two an of East Buckfield Monday that h hours. Mrs. I fire in the firepl to get some wa rods from the h turn she found t next room with and nearly burn team was passin help and the dre extinguished. summoned and the child that w lived but a few h
A Brooklyn n to his home with of the game jaw Maine. One of t party, shot a bu Brooklyn man to Bangor intending On the way to arrested, and to months in jail h to the state gam he paid the fine deu that he did n but bought it. then decided t witness against T they only allow the state on his gram that his w ill, and they are watch and his r his return.—New dard.
Long Doctoring tor
If you are affl and lingering di conclude that yo wrong lines. If could not overco the disease wou overcome you. you have been thing wholly fo plaint, and the has had no effect worse. The wis consult Dr. Gre Place, Boston, M er of that great Dr. Greene's N him if you can, convenient, writ your case. You letter many thin get in a person will cost you not makes no charg and advice.
Wh O
We are ready Store. Bargains bring to the front
Dress
1 LOT PLAI
1 LOT ALL
1 LOT PLAI
1 LOT PLAI
1 LOT DRES
1 LOT DRES
goo i value at \$1.0
We mention l gains till you visit
THOMAS S



The number of guides in the Maine game regions who have registered this year amounts to 1800. With these there are 132 camp owners who have taken out a license for the running of a sporting camp. Twenty non-resident guides have been registered, while 38 trappers and hunters have taken out licenses for the pursuance of their business in the Maine woods the coming season.

A prominent Auburn man, expresses his opinion that the work of enforcing the prohibitory law in Lewiston, is in its infancy, and that in a remarkably short time there will be a noticeable change in the sale of liquor in the Spindle city. Many of the temperance organizations in Lewiston and Auburn, are discussing the matter at their regular meetings and will doubtless co-operate with the present promoters and force the movement in an effective manner.

The oldest child of Sanford Lucas, aged two and one-half years, of East Buckfield, was burned so Monday that he died in a few hours. Mrs. Lucas had built a fire in the fireplace and then went to get some water about fifteen rods from the house. On her return she found the little boy in the next room with his clothes afire and nearly burned from him. A team was passing, she called for help and the fire was immediately extinguished. Dr. Heald was summoned and all was done for the child that was possible. He lived but a few hours.

A Brooklyn man has returned to his home with decided opinion of the game laws of the State of Maine. One of the guides in his party, shot a bull moose, and the Brooklyn man took the carcass to Bangor intending to ship it home. On the way to Bangor he was arrested, and to save himself four months in jail he paid a \$500 fine to the state game warden. After he paid the fine he told the warden that he did not kill the moose, but bought it. The authorities then decided to hold him as a witness against the moose killer. They only allowed him to leave the state on his receiving a telegram that his wife was seriously ill, and they are keeping his gold watch and his rifle as security for his return.—New Bedford Standard.

Long Doctoring Means Wrong Doctoring.

If you are afflicted with chronic and lingering disease it is safe to conclude that you are doctoring on wrong lines. If proper medicine could not overcome your disease, the disease would long ago have overcome you. The trouble is that you have been treated for something wholly foreign to your complaint, and the medicine either has had no effect or has made you worse. The wise thing to do is to consult Dr. Greene, of 31 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the discoverer of that greatest of all remedies, Dr. Greene's Nervura. Call on him if you can, but if that is inconvenient, write him fully about your case. You can tell him in a letter many things you might forget in a personal interview. It will cost you nothing, as Dr. Greene makes no charge for consultation and advice.

White Front Store Opening.

We are ready for business at our New Store, next to the Smiley Shoe Store. Bargains are being shown in every department, but today we bring to the front the

Dress Goods Department.

1 LOT PLAIDS—A bargain for Children's wear, only 12 1-2 cts.
1 LOT ALL WOOL DRESS GOODS, only 25 cts.
1 LOT PLAIDS—36 in., extra fine styles and only 37 1-2 cts.
1 LOT PLAIDS—extremely good for skirts, only 50 cts. per yard.
1 LOT DRESS PATTERNS—in fine quality, only 75 cts. per yard.
1 LOT DRESS PATTERNS—in great variety of color and extremely good value at \$1.00 per yard.

We mention but a few choice things, but you get no idea of the bargains till you visit our store.

THOMAS SMILEY, - - - - NORWAY, MAINE.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA

BLOOD NERVE REMEDY.

WEAK, FADING WOMEN.

Departing Health and Beauty Called Back By Dr. Greene's Nervura.

What is more melancholy than the sight of a woman whose beauty is fading? Such an unusual condition is due to impairment of the nervous system and weakness of the blood. Among the usual symptoms are severe headaches, nervousness, irritability, and a feeling of nervousness and persistent attacks of blues. Relief can only be obtained by a complete reorganization of the system through the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.



Dr. Greene, 31 Temple Pl., Boston, Mass., has cured more cases of women's complaints than any other living physician. He gives counsel and advice to women how to be cured, without fee or charge. Write to him freely and in perfect confidence. His advice will result in your cure.

SOUTH BETHEL.

The last circle was at Mrs. Eli Cushman's.

A number of deer have been shot in this vicinity. Frank Cummings has shot two.

I. A. Cushman is hauling birch for Aurelius Stevens from the W. Swift lot to Locke Mills.

Edgar Chase is hauling long lumber from Bethel to Locke Mills for Mr. Tebbet's new saw mill.

Albert Stevens made a short visit to his brother and friends at So. Bethel, last week. When Albert left home he was a bachelor. Now he is not; his wife was with him. He is now living on a farm near Richmond.

Frank Cummings is preparing to do a large winter's work at the Russell mill, sawing shingles, laths, making cloth boards and boxes. He has also leased the R. J. Virgin mill and will saw long lumber, birch, and hard wood.

Sunday night, engine No. 404 blew one of her cylinder heads out on the So. Bethel grade, which caused quite a blockade. Four heavy freights were here at one time. Finally she worked up to Locke Mills with the aid of the other engines and went to the shop for repairs.

Miss Alice Russell closed a term of school here the 17th, which, like all her other terms, has been a success. Teacher and pupils worked in harmony and they should be justly proud of the new Webster's Unabridged Dictionary and holder which by much hard labor they secured. We doubt if there is a better one in any school in town. Robert and Shirley Chase and Carroll Cushman were present every half day for the eleven weeks. Artemas Smith missed only one day.

BRYANT POND.

Dearborn's mill has shut down for two weeks.

Clint Littlehale was at East Stoneham last week.

Miss Lizzie Stevens is at home from Alfred, where she has been teaching.

Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Brooks were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Carroll, last Sunday.

The grammar school began Monday with twenty-three scholars; Miss Perkins, teacher.

Saturday evening, Nov. 18, twenty of Master Edward Peverley's schoolmates helped him celebrate his thirteenth birthday.

There will be a special meeting of the National W. R. C., Friday, Nov. 24, when the Department President will inspect the Corps.

DENMARK.

Leon Ingalls is on the sick list.

Mr. C. O. Pendexter received 10 large cans of young salmon from the State fish hatchery, and placed them in Moose, Sandy, and Peabody ponds. They arrived in excellent condition, without one dead fish.

Several deer have been shot since the snow came. Leonard Blake shot a small one, weighing 60 pounds; his brother, Ellis shot one about the same size; Perley Richardson shot one weighing 150 pounds; Greeley True shot one weighing 75 pounds.

A. C. Eames, teacher of our High school, Miss Flossie Jewett, assistant teacher, and about a dozen of the scholars went, Thursday night, to Sebago to the Potter Academy to a drama and social and report a pleasant time. "They didn't get home till morning."

Howard Rowe, whose home was in Gorham, has been working for Stephen Rowe, his uncle, here in Denmark. A short time ago, he went to Conway, N. H., to work in the woods for Mr. Thomas. While grinding his axe, last Thursday, he slipped and fell on the axe, cutting his jugular vein, and death resulted in a few minutes. He was 18 years old, a son of Albion Rowe of Gorham. His mother is dead.

WEST LOVELL.

Mrs. Dorothea Hamlin has been on a visit to Mrs. John Fox.

John A. Fox sold five of his sheep to W. H. Smith of Stowe.

Arthur Nickols and Wm. Cann of Lynn, Mass., have been on a visit to their aunt, Mrs. John A. Fox.

Mrs. Sophia Babineau bought a pair of two year old steers of James Heald last week, and a heifer this week.

Oris LeBaron, aged 15, shot two deer and two partridges Monday, Nov. 13, and one partridge the following Tuesday morning, making ten partridges in all that he has shot this fall.

Z. McAllister traded his three year old steers with A. C. Andrews of Stowe, for a pair of year old steers. He sold eight of his sheep to Will Merrill, and ten sheep that belong to his son to Roscoe LeBaron.

\$8.75

is the price of a fine Kersey Jacket, hooks at the neck and has a high storm collar.

We have it in Black, Blue, Brown and Castor shades. It is all silk-lined.

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is the price of a similar Jacket with collar. All colors also.

You can save money by ordering Cloaks of us by mail. Let us know what measure and we will send to any express office in New England, C. O. D., with privilege of examination.

\$5.00 to 30.00 for the best line of Cloth Tailor-made Jackets we ever have shown.

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\$1.25 to 5.00 for an immense variety of Woolen Waists.

Some beautiful All-Wool Flannel, Braid-Trimmed Waists in red and blue, \$2.00.

\$5.00 for ten styles of Black and Colored Silk and Satin Waists, all new and right up-to-date.

\$1.98 for a well made, interlined, Figured Black Dress Skirt, all lengths, 39 to 44.

\$5.00 for twelve styles of Plaid and Plain Black Serge and Cheviot Dress Skirts.

Any of these Special Bargains sent C. O. D., privilege of examination.

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AROUND THE BUSY WORLD.

With an Occasional Snap Shot From the Editor's Kodak.

Admiral Schley received his final orders from the Navy Department to hoist his flag on the Chicago at New York on the seventeenth inst., assuming command of the South Atlantic Station.

The monument of Miss Winnie Davis, erected by the Daughters of the Confederacy, was placed on the pedestal in Hollywood cemetery, last Wednesday. The life size statue of President Davis is being put in place and the tablet to Miss Winnie and that to the four sons of President and Mrs. Davis were placed in St. Paul's yesterday and were unveiled with impressive services. The monuments in Hollywood to Miss Winnie, Mr. Davis and Jefferson Davis, Jr., will be unveiled Thursday.

ON MOUNT WASHINGTON.

The first house built on Mount Washington for the shelter of travelers was a little stone structure, called the Summit House, erected in 1852. The Tip Top House was built in 1853 and is still standing, but not now used. Next in order of improvement came the stage road from the Glen House to the top of the mountain, built in 1855-61, soon followed by the railway in 1866-69, and the present Summit House in 1872, and opened to the public in 1873.

MASON.

Vibert Mills went to So. Waterford Saturday.

Elmer E. Stiles is sawing poplar for F. I. Bean.

George Bennett is at work for Arthur Tyler.

Charles A. Dunham killed a deer last Monday.

Arthur Tyler is cutting cordwood for C. F. Brown.

Benjamin Skillings of Harrison, was in town last week, buying fur.

E. B. Small of Harrison, was in town last Friday and killed a deer.

Elden and Leland Mills are sawing poplar for Mrs. Lucinda Bean.

Arthur Hutchinson killed a deer last week, and he and his friends have returned home.

Rufus Morrill and Fred Grover of Norway, attended the auction at West Bethel, Thursday.

Mr. Farrar of Westbrook, and some friends are in town hunting, and have succeeded in getting one deer.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit, cures, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on subscription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them.

Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by J. E. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by J. E. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A SICK CHILD

Can be made healthy, happy and rosy by giving it True's Elixir. Worms cause ill health in thousands of children and their presence is not suspected. True's Elixir expels worms and cures all the complaints common in children, Feverishness, Constipation, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, etc. Made of pure, harmless, vegetable ingredients.

TRUE'S ELIXIR CURES

It has been a standard household remedy for 47 years. Restores health to adults, acts immediately on the blood, cures diseases of the mucous lining of the bowels and stomach, gives tone and vigor. Price 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Write for book "Children and their Diseases"—free.

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As to protection on our goods.

WE do not give any general warrant, but we hold ourselves accountable for fair and reasonable service. We cannot promise any definite length of wear, as some people will subject the goods to harder service than others. The goods will wear out, of course, and they can be abused and accidents may happen to them, and for all this we cannot be accountable.

If there is any failure resulting from inferior material, or carelessness of workmanship, we will make your customers satisfied to a reasonable extent, provided the goods have not been worn too long. If any defect should develop itself immediately, the goods should be returned to us, and then if on examination the fault is really ours, and not that of the wearer, then we will allow for a new pair. But when a defect develops itself after considerable wear has been given, then we expect to make proper allowance on a new pair if the defect is of a nature to render the goods unserviceable. But where the goods are fairly worn out, we cannot be expected to make any allowance at all.

We want you and your customers to be satisfied, and we intend to give you full protection against any defects in our manufacture, but we cannot give new pairs where goods have had considerable service, and cannot make allowances towards new pairs when goods are worn out.

Truly yours,

GEO. WATKINSON & CO.

COMPLETE STOCK OF THESE GOODS CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT MY STORE.

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FIRE INSURANCE

Agents for twenty five leading insurance companies. All kinds of insurance placed on favorable terms.

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We have a splendid line of LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS at a much lower price than the same quality can be bought elsewhere. Prices, 50 cts., 75 cts., \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, and 2.00. Be sure and see the line before purchasing; they make a fine Christmas present.

Yours truly,

SMILEY SHOE STORE, Norway, Maine.

E. N. Swett, Manager, F. W. Faunce, Salesman.

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Five Dollars and Ninety-five Cents

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SPECIAL CHRISTMAS MORRIS CHAIR.

No more acceptable gift can be found for any member of the family. Our No. 1440 is built of strong white oak, finished either antique oak, golden oak, or foliage green. It has deep, comfortable seat, broad arms, brass rod, and back adjustable to four different positions. The cushions are hair filled, reversible, and covered with beautiful figured velvet in old mahogany or myrtle green shades. Photograph of chair and sample of covering free on request. We send this chair freight paid on approval, to be returned at our expense if not perfectly satisfactory. Won't you drop us a post-al to-day? We have only 150 of these, to go at \$5.95

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river in Bethel, known as the Moses
Kimball farm. The farm cuts 30 tons
good English hay, fine pasture, a valu-
able wood lot, nice spring water at the
house and barn, house 10 rooms, wood
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Clean blood means a clean skin. No
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tic clean your blood and keep it clean, by
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palaces, with all the comforts and con-
veniences modern genius can supply.
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ground, and in many cases strike the
eye of the approaching tourist before
the gates of Constantinople are reached.
This is true particularly of the Haidan
Pasha and Pera armories, which always
arouse the admiration of newcomers to
the Turkish capital. The armories are
surrounded by huge gardens, with large
courts and terraces, and reflect credit
upon the Turkish architects.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done? This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

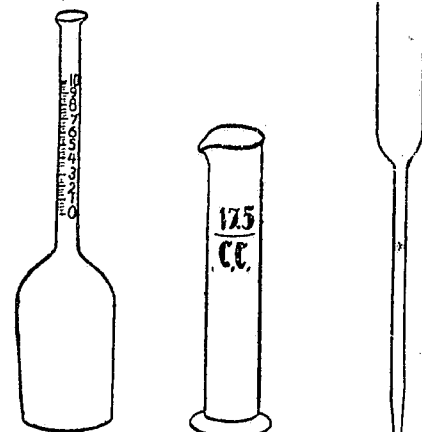
See and get all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Cures Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.

BABCOCK TEST.

Explanation of the Workings of the Popular Device.

Several methods of rapidly determining the fat content of milk with the aid of chemical reagents have been devised, writes Professor R. A. Pearson of the government bureau of animal industry. One of the most accurate is the Babcock milk test. The little machine constructed to apply this test and of which several patterns are made is in use in almost all well conducted milk receiving stations. It requires about a tablespoonful of milk for a sample, and the exact percentage of fat in it can be determined by this test in 10 or 15 minutes. The result is obtained by the action of centrifugal force combined with some chemical effects. The original cost of the machine is from \$3 to \$15 according to size and pattern, and a few cents' worth of materials are used at each operation. Its manipulation is easily learned, and it



can be successfully operated by any careful person. A definite amount of the milk or cream to be tested is measured in a pipette and placed in a bottle which has a long, slender, graduated neck. Sulphuric acid is then added and the bottle shaken until the mixture becomes dark colored, which requires but a few moments.

The bottle is then placed in the machine, by which it is rapidly revolved in a horizontal position with the neck toward the center. The fat is thus forced toward the neck by the other contents of the bottle, which are heavier and therefore thrown away from the center to the bottom of the bottle. Sufficient warm water is added to bring the fat up into the neck, where its exact percentage can be read on the scale. In the illustration a pipette for measuring the milk, the acid measure and a test bottle are shown. From 2 to 24 bottles, containing as many different samples, can be tested at a time, according to the size of the machine. Special bottles of a modified form are furnished for testing skim milk and cream. Apparatus for this test is sold by dairy supply firms. A small machine, complete with the necessary glassware and acid, can be obtained for \$4 or \$5. Full directions are sent with the apparatus. These can be easily followed and quite accurate results obtained after a little practice.

Essentials in Dairying.

We are frequently asked what are the more important points in dairying. While there are too many to be enumerated here, there are three things of which I want to speak briefly which are to me of great importance and on which our success as dairymen largely depend. These are breeding, feeding and care of the dairy stock. Upon breeding depends altogether the quality of milk a cow will give, for be it remembered a cow has born in her the power to give rich or poor milk, and, if poor, nothing that man can do will improve her in that line. But the quantity of milk a cow will give is determined by the one who has the care of her from the time she is born until she comes into dairy work, and depends almost exclusively on the feed and care given her. This word "care" means a great deal in the education of a dairy cow. It does not mean food and shelter alone. It means education; that we develop in the cow a love for us, or, as it is usually expressed, affection. The more affectionate the cow the more valuable she is in the dairy. In our work we must remember that we have to do with the great law of maternity which induces a cow to give milk for her offspring. She gives it in part, because of the affection she has for her young. The more of this mother love we have in the cow the better, but to develop and draw out this love she must have kind treatment from her owner from the time she is born until she goes out of the dairy. She must have a mother's treatment and a mother's care.—M. E. King in Coleman's Rural World.

Peanut Butter.

A new factory has just been put into operation in Kokomo, Ind., for the manufacture of butter from peanuts, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. For a year or more Lan Bros. of that city have been working on a process of making butter from the peanut to compete with the product of the farm cow, and have succeeded in producing the desired article. At the present price of the nuts the butter can be sold at 15 cents per pound. The process of manufacture is no secret. The nuts, after the hulls are removed, are carefully hand picked and faulty kernels removed. They are then roasted in a large rotary oven. Again they are gone over by hand for the removal of scorched grains. The nuts are then put through a mill and ground as fine as the finest flour, the natural oil in the grains giving it the appearance and consistency of putty as it leaves the mill, except that it is more of an orange color. By the addition of filtered water, to reduce it to a more pliable state, the butter is complete, no other ingredient, not even salt, being used. It never grows rancid and keeps in any climate. It is put up in 1, 5, 10, 25 and 100 pound tin cans and sealed. The new butter is already in great demand at sanitarians and health resorts.

LOST SWARMS.

Why Bees Abscond and How to Treat Them in Hot Weather.

Each year there is loss to beekeepers from swarms leaving during the swarming season. It occurs for several reasons which an Illinois beekeeper mentions in The Farm, Field and Fireside, together with the remedy: The bees are sometimes kept at quite a distance from the house, and the swarm unobserved by the family and cluster on some tree or bush and after awhile leave to find a home for themselves. Often swarms are hived in old, filthy, musty hives, or in hives that are allowed to stand in the hot sun before and after hiving the swarms. Either of these conditions need not exist. In the first place, the bees should be kept near the house, so that they may be readily seen from the kitchen.

With a small apiary the extra humming caused in the air by the swarming bees will be readily noticed if due attention is given. The attendant should see where the bees cluster, and as soon as the swarm is well settled it should be hived, and as soon as the bees are well in the hive it should be at once carried and placed where it is to remain. If the bees are slow to leave their clustering place, a little water sprinkled where they were clustered will be a help. Smoke from the bee smoker thrown on the bees will tend to cause them to leave the bush or limb and enter their hive.

In case the bees are slow to enter the hive, smoke should be blown on them, when they will usually make a line for the new home and soon enter. See to it that the swarm enters the hive promptly, for if well in there is much less liability of their leaving than when a large part are left outside.

To avoid the second named cause, never hive swarms in dirty or musty hives. Before the swarming season arrives clean thoroughly every old hive, so that all may be ready to put swarms into. If any that are musty cannot be made sweet and neat, such should not be used to put swarms in. You had better buy new hives that are neat and enticing to the bees. I know this to be true from my earlier experience with hives unfit for use.

I wish to say right here that the hives should never stand on the ground. Have good racks on which to place all hives at all times, up high enough from the ground so the air may pass under freely, and no musty hives need be had.

The third cause named need not exist. Keep all hives intended for swarms in a shady part of the bee yard, so they may be reasonably cool, and when moved to where the clustered swarm is place the hive in the shade or, if no natural shade be sufficient, place a shade board over the hive if the day be a hot one and thus keep off the burning rays of the sun.

With all strong swarms leave the hive entrance full width. As soon as the swarm is in the hive place it where it is to remain, leaving it well shaded. All strong swarms or colonies should be shaded in the hot season. Bees when they swarm, with very few exceptions, cluster near by their hives and will remain so from one-half hour to several hours. The hotter the weather the sooner the swarm is apt to leave, especially when clustered in the hot sun or unshaded.

One Plan With Clover.

"If you can be content with one crop of clover per year," says an Iowa Homestead writer, "you can easily maintain a good, thick stand by leaving the second crop upon the ground. This will also prevent freezing out in very cold winters. If the second crop is heavy and liable to interfere with next year's hay crop, a harrow can be run over it in the spring, which will break up the old dead stalks. This plan may not be as profitable as selling a big crop of clover seed, but is better for the ground, and as there is no clover huller in my vicinity I am compelled to adopt it."

News and Notes.

A British commercial estimate tentatively puts the world's wheat crop of 1899 at 2,504,000,000 bushels against 2,748,000,000 bushels in 1898, a reduction of 244,000,000 bushels, or nearly 8.9 per cent. Another estimate makes a reduction of 352,000,000 bushels.

"Long continued drought, covering a large part of May and a portion of June, has played havoc with the hay crop of the middle and eastern states. The central west and northwest has fared better, and everything now points to a generally liberal yield in the territory just noted." And, further, according to American Agriculturist, sections in New England and many of the middle states east of Indiana which have every promise of a good yield are the exception.

It now appears that Russia will have a short wheat crop, the grain in some large districts being reported as total or partial failures and in others badly damaged. In some localities the reports are generally favorable or good. It has been suggested that the crop may not exceed that of 1897.

In almost every state in which the production of barley constitutes an important branch of the agricultural industry the condition on June 1 was highly favorable. In New York it was 7 points above the 15 year average, in Wisconsin and California 2, in Minnesota 5 and in Iowa 1. In North Dakota the condition corresponded with the average of the last seven years, and in South Dakota it was 0 points below, according to the government reports.

From 18 states and territories an increase and from 30 a decrease is reported to the agricultural department in the acreage of clover. The condition is below the average, except in Idaho, where it is the same, and in Maine, Georgia, Kentucky and Nebraska, where it is 3, 2, 3 and 6 points above.

CURE FOR SUNSTROKE.

How to Treat a Patient Who Has Been Overcome by Heat.

When one is overcome by heat, he should be immediately removed to the nearest shady or cool place, where there is plenty of fresh, pure air. The collar of the shirt or dress should be loosened, or, better still, strip the clothing to the waist and place the sufferer in a recumbent position.

Send immediately for the nearest physician and give the person cool drinks of water. Pour cold water upon the head and chest and wrists until consciousness returns. Apply ice to the head and rub the body with it, but if the skin is cold use warm water instead. When practicable, the patient should be put in a bath of 70 degrees F. to reduce the temperature. If the skin is hot and dry, the patient may be placed in a sitting position against a tree or wall or anything that will be a support to the back. Keep a cold cloth on the head and pour cold water on it, as well as on the body.

Native Bacon Pig.

A Georgia correspondent of the Ohio Farmer states that there are several large farms in his section devoted to raising wild southern hogs for bacon. These are hogs possessing the same characteristics as those from which the Smithfield ham of southern Virginia is made and which sells for double the price of the best commercial hams. They are simply pure bred razorbacks that run in the woods until 18 months or 2 years old, costing their owners nothing during that time, then fattened on peas, peanuts, sweet potatoes and some corn. At one time because of the large demand for the Smithfields some of the farmers in that section bought in a lot of Berkshires and cured the meat according to their usual methods, but the meat lacked the fine flavor of the natives, and the experiment was a failure. But anywhere in the south where there is plenty of timber the native hog can be made as profitable to his owner as the Smithfield brother porker, the same methods being followed. There are thousands of razorbacks in eastern and southern Texas never of as much value as they might be if that which is really excellent in them were finished to its best condition to suit those discriminating consumers who are willing to pay very high prices for the best. Such hogs will make their own living until of an age to be prepared for slaughter. Then they should have the run of the pea vines, the peanut and sweet potato patches and be finished on corn. The peanut feed is that which does most in giving the meat an excellent flavor. Where extensive woods range can be had this is probably the cheapest method of producing pork, and certainly it produces the very best. Of course in the black and prairie country and where timbered range is restricted the razorback is no good, but different feeds in those sections would produce better pork than we are accustomed to see.

Field Pens For Hogs.

Owing to the fact that some parts of Canada are not warm enough to always ripen corn, farmers in those sections make much of the pea crop, which they use to fatten hogs with. The pork made from peas is of firm texture, with a larger proportion of lean meat than that made by feeding corn. In Canada the pea weevil is not known, and it has been the habit of some farmers this side of the line in western New York to procure Canada pens for seed. One or two crops free from weevil may thus be grown if pens have not been grown in the neighborhood to any large extent before. As many as 30 bushels of pens per acre have been grown on good land. Generally, however, the peas are left for hogs to gather, which they will do very effectively. To make the season longer the hogs are turned in while the peas are soft and green. At this time the pod is also chewed and its juices extracted, though the fiber will be rejected. Peas gathered from the ground never get very hard, and late in the season some of them swell ready to sprout. Some cornmeal fed while the last stage of fattening is in progress will make the pigs gain faster and without impairing the quality of the pork. It is probably the amount of peas fed in Canada that gives the preference in English markets to Canadian pork and bacon.

Helps Trade.

Whenever a young wife proposes to bake her own bread in order to save 5 cents a week, the man who has put on the market an infallible cure for dyspepsia smiles like a cat that has just eaten the canary.—Navvoo Hustler.

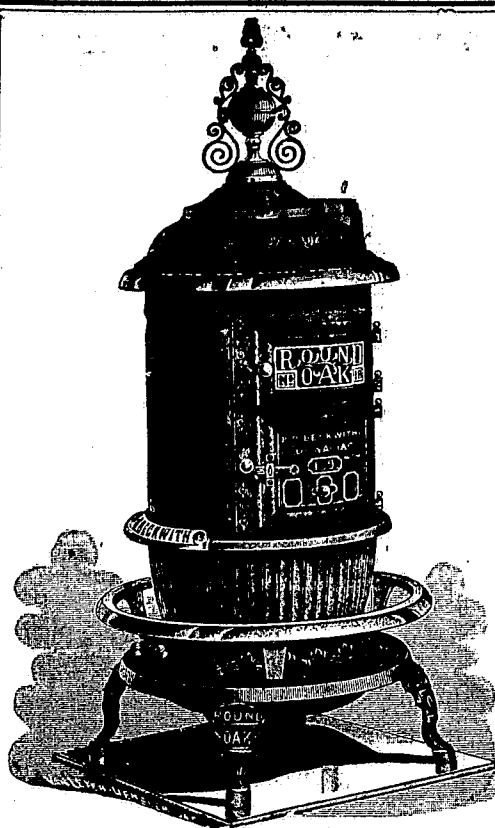
The Accident of Butter.

It is said Arabs first made butter. They were carrying milk in skins on the backs of camels, and the steady joggling churned the fluid into butter.

Morrison's English Liniment.

You have doubtless heard of Morrison's English Liniment. If you have, you have heard of one of the greatest liniments for horseflesh that ever was put upon the market. Don't think this is all blow. Thomas W. Foster Co. of Bath, N. H., and back of the statement and guarantee what they say to be true. Buy just one bottle and use it according to directions and be convinced that it has no equal. For sale by G. B. Wiley and J. A. Thurston, Bethel: A. S. Bean, West Bethel, and Frank Bisbee, Newry.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cures constipation forever. 25c. 50c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.



Our Indian Summer

has passed and we will soon be hovering around the stove to keep warm, that is unless you have a

BECKWITH'S

ROUND OAK

in which case you will need to do no hovering. Ask your neighbors who have used them and see what they say about it.

Hastings Bros., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

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Paints, Oils and all Painters' Supplies.

Sporting Goods, Tobacco, Pipes and Cigars.

FOR BILIOUSNESS AND CONSTIPATION,

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FOR HOARSENESS AND BRONCHIAL IRRITATION,

Wiley's Bronchial Lozenges.

FOR HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

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All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how to contain 43 colored life-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

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All about Poultry; the best Poultry Book in existence; tells everything; with 123 colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 103 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

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All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great deal of information; with 123 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 123 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 5.—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK

Just out. All about Hogs—Breeding, Feeding, Butchery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful half-tones and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the great boiled-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head, quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL.

Sample of FARM JOURNAL and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free. WILMER ATKINSON, CHAS. F. JENKINS, Address, FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA

Classified
Small Advertis-
head of Wanted,
sold without dis-
30 words, 1
3 weeks,
Extra space pr
Average six w
FOR

The Keliher
eated at the cor
Railroad streets
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or communicate
HERRICK & P

The names of 100
take the News.
subscribers will be
five.

In the village, a p
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please leave at the
turn to T. S. Hutchi

GRAND TRU
TRAINS FROM I
PORTLAND RUL

Island Pond,
Gorham,
Gilead,
West Bethel,
BETHEL,
Locke's Mills,
Bryant Pond,
South Paris,
Portland,

TRAINS FROM PORT
POND RUN AS

Portland,
South Paris,
Bryant Pond,
Locke's Mills,
BETHEL,
West Bethel,
Gilead,
Gorham,
Island Pond,

Sunday paper train l
ing west at 8.30 a.
10.10, Bryant Pond 1
10.50, Bethel 11.10,
Gilead 11.34, Gorham
Berlin 12.15.
The train which leav
2.40 A. M., and the
Portland at 6.00 P.
all others every day



I wish to say to the
Stable at my place in
keep a large stock of
from 1000 to 1000 and
hand. If you need a
to me and I will please

L. U. BAR

BETHEL,



Horses bought, sold
A fresh car load each
terms easy. A big sto
on hand. Heavy team
orn make a specialty.

JONAS ED

AUBURN,

TELEPHONE CALL

Call and see us.

solicited.

P. S. I will pay a fa

good big work horses.



My Mamma's
BROWN'S INSTAN
For Coughs, Colds, C
Morbus, Dysentery,
Throat, Diarrhea, &
I THINK IT IS REAL NI

Prepared by NORWAY MEDICINE

Classified Advertisements.

Small Advertisements under the head of Wanted, For Sale, etc., set solid without display.

30 words, 1 week, - 25c
3 weeks, - 50c

Extra space for rate.
Average six words a line.

FOR SALE.

The Kelliher house and lot located at the corner of Church and Railroad streets in Bethel Hill Village. To be sold at a bargain. Call or communicate with

HERRICK & PARK, Bethel, Me.

Wanted.

The names of 1000 people who do not take the News. Which one of our subscribers will be the first to send us five.

Lost.

In the village, a pocket book containing a small sum of money. Finder please leave at the News office or return to T. S. Hutchins.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

TRAINS FROM ISLAND POND TO PORTLAND RUN AS FOLLOWS:

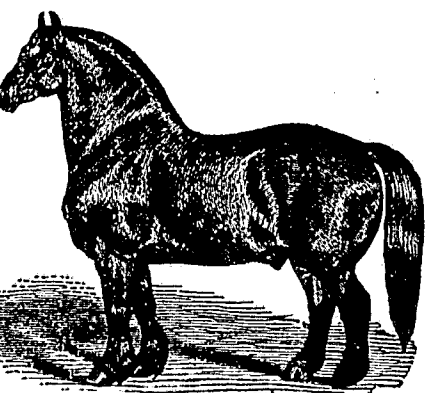
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Island Pond,	2.40	6.00	1.15
Gorham,	4.35	8.25	2.57
Gilead,	5.02	8.46	3.15
West Bethel,	5.14	8.56	3.26
BETHEL,	5.24	9.04	3.33
Locke's Mills,	5.36	9.13	3.42
Bryant Pond,	5.45	9.21	3.50
South Paris,	6.17	9.53	4.19
Portland,	8.10	11.30	5.45

TRAINS FROM PORTLAND TO ISLAND POND RUN AS FOLLOWS:

	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Portland,	6.00	1.30	8.10
South Paris,	7.58	3.38	9.53
Bryant Pond,	8.35	4.18	10.23
Locke's Mills,	8.45	4.27	10.30
BETHEL,	9.00	4.38	10.39
West Bethel,	9.10	4.46	10.47
Gilead,	9.24	4.59	10.58
Gorham,	10.00	5.42	11.26
Island Pond,	12.20	8.00	1.15

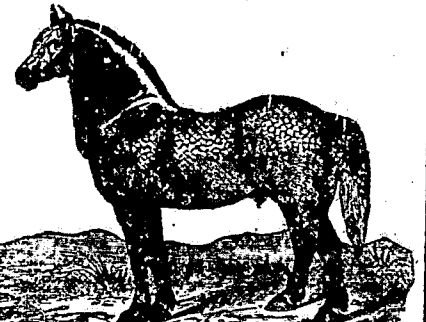
Sunday paper train leaves Portland going west at 8.30 a. m., South Paris 10.10, Bryant Pond 10.51, Locke's Mills 10.59, Bethel 11.10, West Bethel 11.20, Gilead 11.34, Gorham 12.00, arriving in Bethel 12.15.

The train which leaves Island Pond at 2.40 a. m. and the one which leaves Portland at 6.00 p. m., run every day; all others every day except Sunday.



I wish to say to the people of Bethel and vicinity that I have opened a Stable at my place in Bethel, and will keep a large stock of horses, weighing from 1000 to 1600 each, constantly on hand. If you need a good horse, come to me and I will please you.

L. U. BARTLETT,
BETHEL, MAINE.



Horses bought, sold and exchanged. A fresh car load each week. Prices low terms easy. A big stock of harnesses on hand. Heavy team harness of our own make a specialty.

JONAS EDWARDS,
AUBURN, MAINE.

TELEPHONE CALL 513.
Call and see us. Correspondence solicited.

P. S. I will pay a fair price for some good big work horses.



My Mamma gives me BROWN'S INSTANT RELIEF, For Coughs, Colds, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Cramps, Sore Throat, Diarrhea, etc. I THINK IT IS REAL NICE TO TAKE.

Prepared by NORWAY MEDICINE CO., Norway, Me.

A Nice, Obliging Man.

While a good many of the funny stories of "She asked me to hold the baby" have been written and the subject consequently is somewhat frayed, still the scene that occurred in Madison square one night was funny. A jovial looking old gentleman was sitting on a bench beside a portly, well dressed woman who had a baby in her arms. The two got in conversation by the old gentleman remarking, "How well the baby behaves." For the little thing lay and slept peacefully wrapped in numerous wrappings.

Presently the woman said she was going over to Fourth avenue to buy a bottle of milk and requested the old man to hold the baby. "Why, certainly," said he. "I've been a father and grandfather to so many that I know how to handle them." The woman went away and didn't come back. The old gentleman became nervous, but as the baby still slept on peacefully he waited until long past his own bedtime for the mother to return.

It was nearly midnight when he walked into the police station and handed over the bundle. Then he barely escaped arrest for trying to hoax the sergeant when the wrappings were thrown aside and there was disclosed a papier mache doll, one of those jointed things from Paris which admirably reproduce an appearance of life.—New York News.

He Held on to His Knife.

On the afternoon of June 1, 1872, an old painter named William McCullough while painting the bridge above the falls between the first and second Sister islands fell into the rapids. Instantly he was swept furiously toward the cataract, but he struck against and seized a rock not far above the brink. Hundreds quickly gathered on the shore and watched, all eager to help, but ignorant what to do. Among them was Thomas Conroy, who secured a coil of rope, fastened one end to a tree on shore and with the other end in his hand waded out as far as he could and occasionally swam, the water being from 18 inches to six feet deep.

He aimed far up stream to allow for the power of the current and at last with great difficulty reached the unfortunate painter and bound him to himself with the rope. They were swept off their feet several times on the way back to shore, but the rope had been firmly fastened, and they finally landed safely. When they reached shore, it was found that McCullough still clutched his putty knife firmly in his hand, having held on to the brink of the falls.—P. A. Acland in "Adventures at Niagara," in Youth's Companion.

Parnell's Ghosts.

As you are always glad to hear about haunted houses in Ireland, writes a correspondent, may I add a curious story with regard to the home of the late Irish leader? The story is made more credible by the fact that there was something in the late Charles Stewart Parnell's majestic isolation which reminded one strangely of the gloomy grandeur of the mountains surrounding his home. In the square entrance hall there is a billiard table, and the story is that the ghosts of the old house, amuse themselves in this spot after midnight. No matter how the billiard balls are left upon the cloth at the time the household retires, they will be found in a different position the next morning.—M. A. P.

Landseer and the Dog Tax.

On one of Landseer's early visits to Scotland the great painter stopped at a village and took a great deal of notice of the dogs, jotting down rapid sketches of them on a piece of paper. Next day, on resuming his journey, he was horrified to find dogs suspended from trees in all directions, or drowning in the rivers, with stones around their necks. He stopped a weeping urchin, who was hurrying off with a pet pup in his arms, and learned to his dismay that he was supposed to be an excise officer who was taking notes of all the dogs he saw in order to prosecute the owners for unpaid taxes.

Then He Didn't Eat.

An English merchant was invited by a Chinaman to dine with him. Neither could speak the other's language, and a conversation was carried on by means of gesticulations and signs. Among the dishes was one which seemed very savory. The Englishman had an idea it was duck, but to make certain he pointed to the dish and pleasantly insinuated, "Quack, quack!" The Chinaman wagged his head and said: "No-ey, no-ey! Bow-wow-wow!"

Sympathy.

Probably the reader has heard voices which the following will recall to mind: "I know Mr. Pidgeley is a good man," said one of the members of the family after the caller had gone, "but it makes me so tired to hear him talk!" "I know why it is," said another member of the family. "You feel like clearing your throat all the time to help him out."

Choice of Evils.

"Mrs. Smith, you don't seem to mind your two boys quarreling." "No. When they're quarreling, I know they're too busy to hatch up mischief."—Chicago Record.

A Note From Dublin.

"Dear Tim, I'm sending you my old coat by parcel post, so I've cut the buttons off to make it lighter. But you will find them in the inside pocket. Yours truly, Pat."

The Indian crocodile is a ferocious and dangerous animal and causes great destruction to human life, especially in lower Bengal.

A man's record is made up chiefly of what he says.—Galveston News.

He Called Her.

An old colored woman, who was born in Georgetown and had never been ten miles from home in her 70 years of life, started on a journey to see her niece, who lives about 30 miles from Washington on the Virginia Midland. The conductors personally know everybody who travels on the road, and children and old people are always confident to their care. This was the case with the old colored woman, and the conductor was requested to see that she did not leave the car at the first station reached, as she was very likely to do unless watched. He sat her down in the end seat of the car, hedged her about with her parcels and told her not to budge until he called her. The second stop made was at a little station called Vienna, and just as the conductor was about to sound the starting bell he saw the old woman tumbling off the car.

"Where are you going? Get back on that car!" he shouted. "Didn't I tell you not to get off till I called you?" "Please, mister, you done called me." "No, I didn't. Get back quick." "Deed you did call me, sah," persisted auntie as she scrambled aboard. "You done call my name twice." "Called your name? What is your name?" asked the conductor. "My name, please, sah, is Vienna, sah."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Strange French Laws.

A trial has just taken place at Paris which may serve as a warning to American tourists, visiting France. A well to do man of perfectly clean record and good social position named Froment Adolot has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment for wearing, without right, in the buttonhole of his coat, the tiny bow of red ribbon usually worn by the knights of the French Legion of Honor.

You can buy them for a few cents in any of the shops devoted to the sale of insignia of European orders, and I have known of not a few English and American tourists who, seeing a number of people wearing these little bows of red ribbon in their buttonholes, did likewise.

This, however, entails heavy penalties, and it is punished by the authorities as the illegal wearing of the insignia of the national orders.

It must be thoroughly understood that even supposing any American belongs to some patriotic or other society here in the United States, the insignia of which comprises a bow or button of red ribbon worn in the buttonhole, he cannot wear it in France without risking jail.—Washington Post.

The Curious Cassowary.

Every explorer who visits the Australian islands discovers a new kind of cassowary. None of these birds possesses any wings to speak of, and their bodies are clothed with dense masses of curious, hairlike feathers. According to a recent traveler, these feathers are put to a very remarkable use.

When a cassowary feels hungry—the legend runs—it wades out into a stream until only its head and neck are above water and spreads out its long plumes on either side. Numbers of unsophisticated little fishes immediately mistake these for a new kind of water weed and nestle coquettishly up to the motionless cassowary for shelter. Then that artful bird suddenly presses his feathers close against his body, walks ashore and shakes out his prisoners on the bank; so that he not only enjoys a delightful bath, but obtains an excellent meal into the bargain.

The Rat That Sailed.

A rat was caught alive on board a naval vessel in a trap, and the beast was thrown from the trap into the water without being killed. A large gull that was following in the wake of the ship to pick up scraps of food thrown overboard by the steward swooped several times, endeavoring to pick the rat up. Once the bird got too close to the rat's jaws, and the beast grabbed it by the neck. After a short fight the rat succeeded in killing the bird. When the gull was dead, the rat scrambled upon the bird's body, and, hoisting one wing as a sail and using the other as a rudder, succeeded in steering for the shore. Whether the rat reached shore or not is the question, since the ship soon got out of sight of the skipper and its craft.

It Grades Down.

When a girl's engagement to an out of town man is reported, it is first said that she is to marry a king. As time progresses the girl's mother confesses that the young man is a prince. It looks out later that he works on a salary and has to work Saturday nights, and later, just before the wedding, no one is surprised at learning that he is a clerk and gives dancing lessons on the side to make a living.—Aitchison Globe.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm Cures Others, Why Not You?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We had tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.

—ADOLPH L. MILLETT, Manchester, N. H.

For sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel, A. S. Bean, W. Bethel, W. H. Crockett, Locke Mills, J. W. Bennett, Gilead, A. R. Small & Son, Bryant Pond.

A Marvel of the East.

Among other feats in the east the learning by heart of the Koran is very widespread. Not only men, but women and children, can be found who can repeat the holy book from beginning to end without a mistake. Taking it in round numbers, the Koran contains, together with the additions, which are included in the recitation, some 60,000 words. This is about the length of an average up to date novel, but, unlike the novel, there are no connecting links—the whole book being a confused and much mutilated jumble—to enable the reciter to remember. To make the least error would be a deadly sin, yet even children can go through it.

But this is not all. For an Arabic child to recite the Koran is wonderful enough, no doubt, but he understands what he is saying—it is not to him an unknown language—but for a child of another nation to recite it from beginning to end, without understanding the words he is saying, is a much more wonderful feat of memory, and very few of those outside Arabia who can recite the Koran know more than a few of the simplest words, if they know those.

Old Enough to Brag About It.

Certain crusty and cynical observers of the sex have remarked that no woman over 20 years will tell how old she is. This statement has recently been refuted by Miss or Mme. (we don't know which) Arabella Makapros of Smyrna, who asserts that she was born on the island of Delos 2,000 years ago, says the New York Times. This young woman, who is reported to be very beautiful and not to look over 25, is creating a sensation in Smyrna by revealing the future in a manner declared wholly inexplicable. In her great course of human existence she should have learned that revelations of the past would be a great deal more to the point. Of her prophetic gifts we are, of course, unable to speak, but her good sense in not being ashamed of her rather advanced age excites our admiration.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

PROBATE NOTICES.

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named:

As a Probate Court, held at Paris, in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ordered:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bethel News a newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at the Probate Court to be held at said place on the third Tuesday of November, A. D. 1899, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

ISRAEL G. KIMBALL, late of Bethel, deceased. Final account presented for allowance by Benjamin W. Kimball, administrator.

ADDISON E. HERRICK, Judge of said Court. A true copy—attest: 3w22 ALBERT D. PARK, Register.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the last will and testament of JONATHAN C. BROWN late of Albany, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

Oct. 17th, 1899. Ellery C. Park.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of JONATHAN C. BROWN late of Albany, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

Oct. 7th, 1899. Dennis W. Cole.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of GEORGE R. EMERY late of Newry, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

Sept. 10th, 1899. Willard H. Wright.

STATE OF MAINE.

CUMBERLAND, ss. Municipal Court.

Amanda Sheeran of Woodstock, County of Oxford and State of Maine, plaintiff, versus Harry Davis, commoner of said Woodstock, defendant, and the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, a corporation existing by law and having an established place of business at said Portland, Trustee.

Action of assumpsit on account annexed to recover the sum of nineteen dollars and thirty cents (\$19.30), alleged to be due from the defendant to the plaintiff, according to the declaration in the writ. The writ is dated the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1899, and made returnable the tenth day of October, A. D. 1899, at said Municipal Court.

Ad damnum fifty dollars (\$50.00). Upon the foregoing it appearing to the Court that said Harry Davis is not an inhabitant of this State, and has no tenant, agent or attorney in this State, and that his goods or estate have been attached, it is ordered by the Court that the plaintiff cause the said Harry Davis to be notified of the pendency of this suit, by publishing once a week for three weeks successively in the "Bethel News," a newspaper printed in Bethel, in the County of Oxford, an abstract of the Writ and Declaration, and this order of Court thereon, the last publication to be seven days at least, before the term of said Court to be held at Portland aforesaid, on the seventh day of November, A. D. 1899, that he may then and there in said Court appear, and show cause, if any he have why judgment should not be rendered against and execution issue accordingly.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 17th day of September, 1899. W. C. WHILDEN, Clerk.

Attest: W. C. WHILDEN, Clerk.

Wall Papers by Mail: Send for Free Samples of beautiful designs direct from our choice of colors, and SAVE 25% OREN HOOPER'S SONS, The Household Outfitters, Portland, Me.

Who is the Most Popular Teacher of Andover?

We are to give the Citizens of Andover a Chance to Decide.

The publishers of the News have decided to inaugurate a friendly voting contest and give the people of Andover a chance to decide this question by popular vote.

Basis of Voting.

Beginning this week, each issue of the News until January 1, 1900, will contain a vote, which, when properly filled out and returned to this office, will count one vote.

Each yearly subscription to the News will count 100 votes.
Each yearly renewal will count 50 votes.
Every dollar paid on advertising or job printing will count 25 votes.

Please note that no votes will be counted until the money is paid in, and that the votes on advertising and job printing are confined to new work secured by the contestants or their friends.

A Prize.

When it has been decided who the most popular teacher is, we will give that teacher a copy of Webster's International Dictionary. This book needs no recommendation as all teachers know that it is one of the finest dictionaries in the world.

To the Contestants.

The dictionary if secured will prove of much value to you, but the name of being Andover's most popular teacher will be more. Begin at once. The one that waits to see what the others are doing will not be the one to secure the prize. See your friends throughout the town and elsewhere, and invite them to assist you by subscribing for the News. Interest your scholars and they will prove of much help to you. Subscriptions are what you must get if you secure the prize, so get all you can.

The following are entered thus far. Send in your votes for them:

Mr. N. D. Akers,
Miss Flora Gilbert,
Miss Alice Bedell,
Miss Waterworth,

Dictionary Contest.

One Vote for

Cut this out and vote for the most popular teacher in Andover.

PIANOS : : AND ORGANS

The most complete stock of Pianos, Organs, Stools, Scares and Instruction Books ever had. Ivers & Pond Behr Bros., Merrill, Estey and Prescott Pianos. : : : : Estey, Carpenter, Packard and Wilcox & White Organs, all in stock. Illustrated catalogues of all these instruments sent upon application. Instruments sold on easy monthly terms.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.,
Billings' Block, SOUTH PARIS, ME.

The Other Fellows don't Like It

when some of their customers commence calling on us. It doesn't hurt us though. In fact it is generally a good sign that

We are Giving Bargains,

that our competitors could not or would not give.

Our special for this time is:—Waltham, P. S. Bartlett, 17 jewels, nickel movement, adjusted etc, stem wind and set, in "Boss" 14k gold filled case, warranted for 25 years, only \$15; others ask \$18 to \$22. 20 year case \$2 less. ALL other makes of cases cost less than "Boss."

CAMERA and PHOTO SUPPLIES of all kinds. Lowest prices. Send for catalogue. Mail orders promptly attended to.

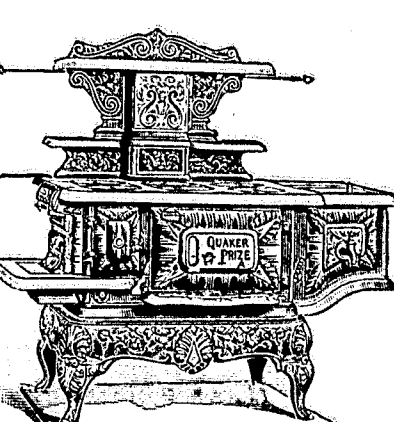
VIVIAN W. HILLS,

NORWAY, MAINE.

The only Practical Graduate Optician in Oxford County. (We never claimed to be the only one selling glasses.)

NEW OPERA HOUSE BLOCK. Open every evening. Mail orders will receive prompt attention

QUAKER RANGE



Will take a twenty-four inch stick of wood. Full size Fire Box.

SOLD BY

G. & J. B. ROBERTS,
HANOVER, MAINE.

